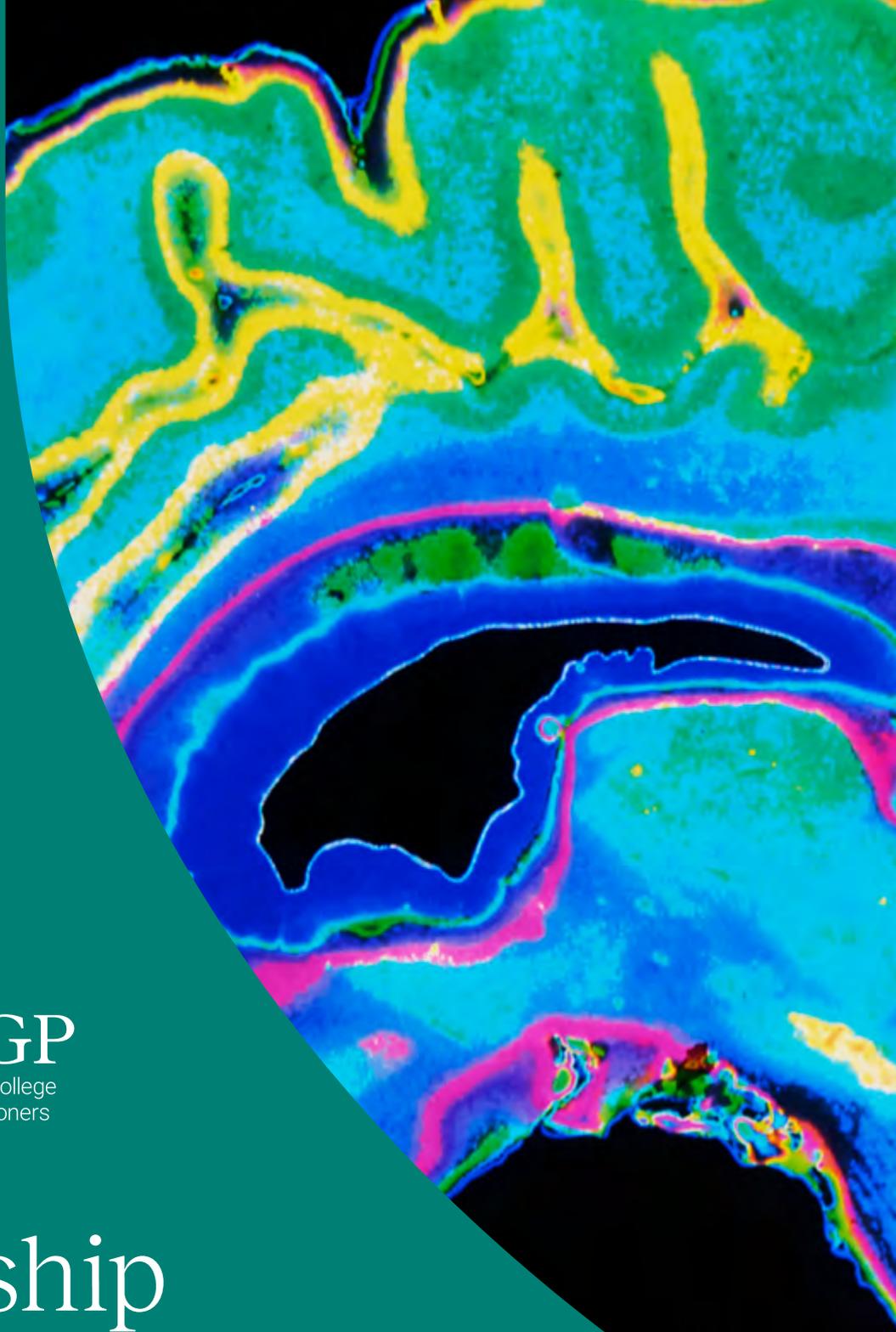




RACGP
Royal Australian College
of General Practitioners

Fellowship Support Program

Registrar handbook



Fellowship Support Program Registrar handbook

Disclaimer

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We acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the lands and seas on which we work and live, and pay our respects to Elders, past, present and future.

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Your journey to Fellowship

Welcome to the Fellowship Support Program

The Fellowship Support Program (FSP) is a rural self-funded education and training program to support doctors on their journey to Fellowship. It includes structured out-of-practice teaching in the form of small group learning and webinars, in-practice learning and workplace-based assessments (WBAs) for feedback and progress monitoring.

All training is required to occur at accredited training sites with accredited supervisors. For GP terms, ie GPT 1 to 4 and consolidation, these sites need to be accredited as training sites for comprehensive general practice. For Rural Generalist training, the additional rural skills training component is required to be completed at sites specifically accredited for that purpose. The Royal Australian College of General Practitioners (RACGP) is responsible for setting the standards and accrediting these sites for training delivery.

The Fellowship journey

Fellowship of the RACGP denotes a general practitioner (GP) who provides safe, specialised and high-quality general practice care. It demonstrates to governments, the general practice profession and the community that a doctor is competent to practise safely and unsupervised in any Australian general practice setting – metropolitan, rural, remote and very remote communities. It also allows access to specialist medical registration and A1 Medicare rebates.

The RACGP offers two Fellowships:

- Fellowship of the RACGP (FRACGP) is what all registrars are training towards on the Fellowship Support Program (FSP)
- RACGP Rural Generalist Fellowship (FRACGP-RG) is awarded in addition to FRACGP to registrars who complete Rural Generalist training

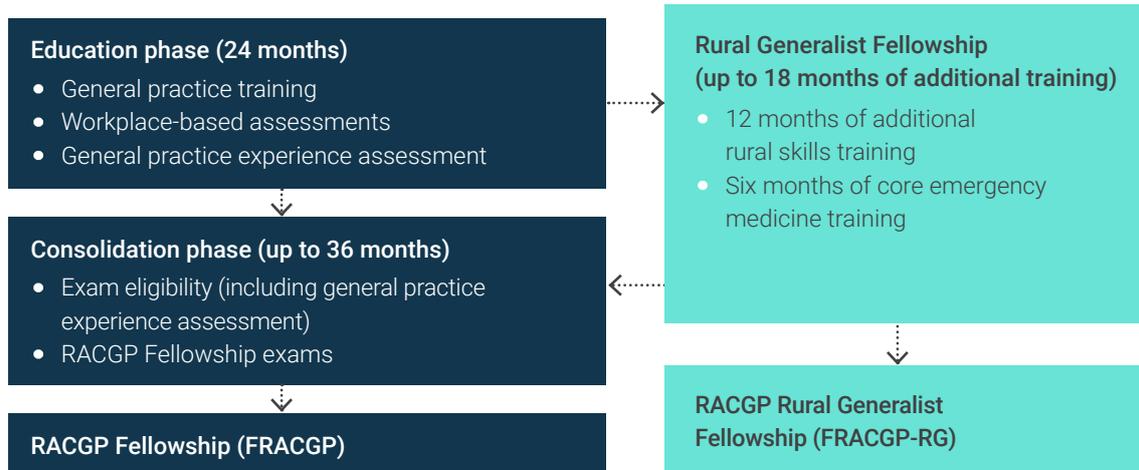


Figure 1. RACGP journey to Fellowship via the Fellowship Support Program

Training program contacts

FSP

Email: fspadmin@racgp.org.au

RACGP National

Telephone: 1800 472 247

Email: racgp@racgp.org.au

Website: www.racgp.org.au

RACGP offices

Website: www.racgp.org.au/find-an-office

Training program team

As a new registrar, you'll be supported from the time you enter the FSP through to Fellowship.

Your training program team includes a program officer, medical educator (ME) and your nominated supervisor. In addition, you'll be supported by your training site and FSP registrar liaison officer (RLO).

Program officer

Program officers are the key contact for all training related administrative tasks. They assist with all activities in the training program, keep track of your progress and will be in close contact with medical educators.



Supervisor

Supervisors are integral to general practice training. As part of an apprenticeship model, a supervisor is a professional role model for a registrar, helping to lay the foundation for lifelong learning, professionalism and high-quality patient care.

Supervisors are experienced GPs and provide advice and support, one-on-one teaching, supervision, feedback and assess registrar progress via assessments. Supervisors contribute to team-based learning in the practice setting, which will include other GPs and practice staff.



Medical educator

MEs are experienced GPs with educational and practical knowledge in the general practice environment.

At the beginning of training, you'll be allocated an ME who will mentor, guide and support you. Your ME can assist with clinically focused queries, however, their role does not extend to your clinical supervision, nor is your ME required to assess or assist with your individual Ahpra conditions and/or requirements. There'll be times an ME will conduct educational activities with you who isn't your allocated ME. Be aware that MEs usually work part-time as they also work in general practice. If you need urgent assistance from an ME and yours isn't available, please contact your program officer who will put you in touch with an available ME.



Registrar liaison officer

RLOs provide confidential advice, care, information and support to registrars. RLOs understand the issues facing registrars because they're GP registrars themselves.

An RLO may:

- provide personal insights
- act as a conduit through which registrar ideas or challenges about the program can be discussed
- refer you to a health professional for further support
- facilitate social networking or group events as a way of helping registrars debrief and support each other.

The RLO will not act as an advocate for individual registrar issues.

You can contact an RLO at fsprlo@racgp.org.au



How we'll communicate with you

We'll communicate with you mainly via email. We use the email address provided in your application and can only liaise with one email account. Please check your email regularly and respond to requests as soon as possible.

It's your responsibility to make sure we have your current email address. Please let us know if it changes.

TIP! Emails from the RACGP will end with the domain [@racgp.org.au](mailto:racgp.org.au).

When you receive an email from us, add it to your safe senders list. From time to time, you should also check your spam/junk folder to make sure our emails aren't being filtered out of your inbox.

Introduction to the FSP

Induction interview

You'll have an induction interview with your allocated ME in the early weeks of your first term to discuss your training program. It's a chance to get to know each other and talk about your background, experience and readiness to start in general practice training. The induction interview is mandatory.

Together, you'll develop a training plan. You'll cover topics such as:

- training requirements
- training plans and potential barriers to your training
- your early assessment for safety and learning (EASL) outcome
- eligibility for recognition of prior learning and experience
- planning for RACGP exams and general practice experience (GPE) assessment
- any questions you may have and any other information you need to know for your training.

TIP! Complete the orientation module before you meet with your ME so that you can make the most of your time together by focusing on specific training advice for your circumstances.

You'll be sent an email before you commence your first training term to select a time to conduct the induction interview.

Important notifications for the program team

There are circumstances you are required to notify your program team of, should these occur to you in the program.

Circumstances include:

1. Change in your Ahpra medical registration
2. Conflict of interest
3. Change in training site
4. Leave (including personal and annual)

Processes on how to notify your program team are detailed below and/or as noted later in the handbook.

1. Change in your Ahpra medical registration

If your medical registration changes at any time during your training, you must advise us via a change in circumstances request form (available on the FSP portal). If you don't notify us of a change to your registration you may be reported for academic misconduct (refer to the [Academic Misconduct Policy](#)).

It's best to advise us as soon as a concern has been raised about you with Ahpra so we can provide the appropriate support.

A change to your medical registration might include but is not limited to, any reprimands, conditions, undertakings, suspensions or pending investigations.

Refer to the [Ahpra website](#) for more information about possible outcomes when a concern is raised about you.

TIP! You should notify us of a change in medical registration using the change in circumstances request form which is accessible on the FSP portal, clicking on the profile icon.

2. Conflict of interest

A pre-existing personal relationship between a registrar and a member of staff at their training site could create a conflict of interest and lead to poor training, particularly if that person were a supervisor, practice manager or practice owner.

If you have any type of close personal or dependent relationship with a staff member at the training site where you wish to train, you and the training site must disclose this to us as a potential conflict of interest as soon as possible by emailing fspadmin@racgp.org.au. Examples of what you need to declare can be found in the [Placement policy](#).

Furthermore, registrars are not allowed to nominate a training site where there is a significant pre-existing relationship with the supervisor, practice owner or practice manager, unless there are extenuating circumstances.

You must also declare any business interest you have with the site or its affiliations. Working at a training site where you have a business interest is not (typically) permitted.

3. Change in training site

If you wish to change training sites or to work at an additional training site during the FSP, you must submit an application for approval.

More information on this process can be found in the 'Training site requirements' section of the handbook.

4. Leave (personal and annual)

Every 12 months in GP training, you can take the following leave:

- 20 days of annual leave
- 10 days of sick or carers leave

All types of leave must be submitted via the 'Request Leave' form on the FSP portal.

More information on this process can be found in the [Leave](#) section of the handbook.

Recognition of prior learning and experience

Recognition of prior learning and experience (RPLE) will only be considered in certain circumstances. You can choose to apply if you have previously voluntarily withdrawn from the Australian General Practice Training (AGPT) Program via the RACGP or the Remote Vocational Training Scheme (RVTS). If you've withdrawn from other programs such as the Practice Experience Program (PEP), More Doctors for Rural Australia Program (MDRAP) or Pre-Fellowship Program (PFP), or non-RACGP training programs such as Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine (ACRRM), or other non-GP specialist pathways, you would not be considered eligible. If you're unsure, please contact us to discuss your individual circumstances.

What is it?

RPLE is relevant training that can meet some of your education and training time requirements in the FSP. If your application is successful, it will reduce your total program time, allowing you to sit exams after 18 months in the education phase, subject to the completion of other requirements. When assessing applications for RPLE, the RACGP will consider if your hospital training and experience:

- was relevant to general practice
- was recent
- showed variety and breadth across components of the RACGP Curriculum and syllabus
- was completed successfully.

RPLE is available as credit for up to, or a maximum of, six months of the FSP, shortening your education phase from 24 months to 18 months (a maximum of 26 calendar weeks). Your determined program length remains the same whether you are working part-time or full-time in general practice. However, if you are working part-time, it may take you longer to meet exam and Fellowship eligibility requirements.

RPLE process

Please refer to the [RPLE registrar guide](#) for further details on:

- what qualifies as RPLE
- how to apply
- documentation needed to support your application
- when you will receive an RPLE outcome.

You'll receive one email prompt from us in general practice training term one (GPT 1) to submit your application.

Patient caseload



You should see no more than four patients per hour in any general practice term. In your first term, however, we recommend you start with two to three patients per hour to allow sufficient time to consult with your supervisor as needed and focus on building your consultation skills. Your caseload should be monitored (by you, your supervisor, ME and the training site) to ensure you see patients from a range of demographics (eg age and gender) with varied presentations. Factors such as your experience levels, skills, if you're new to the training site and the types of services offered will be considered when managing your caseload. Your caseload may change throughout a term, but only with mutual agreement.

Telehealth

Telehealth refers to the delivery of health services over a distance that use telecommunication technologies as an alternative to face-to-face consultations between a patient and a health professional. These may include video or phone (audio-only) consultations, transmitting digital images and/or data, and prescribing medications.

The RACGP recognise that telehealth consultations are an important extension of comprehensive general practice, particularly in rural communities. We support the use of telehealth in practice and in training, provided:

- the time spent isn't the majority of your training time
- you are appropriately supervised
- telehealth sessions are fair and equitably shared with other doctors at your training site.

You can refer to [Telehealth and supervision: A guide for GPs in training and their supervisors](#) if you'd like to learn more about how telehealth could work for you and your supervisor.

Supervision requirements

Supervision during general practice

General practice training in Australia follows an apprenticeship model. As a GP registrar, you'll see your patients under the supervision of an experienced GP – your supervisor.

Your supervisor must hold accreditation by the RACGP, ensuring that they understand the program requirements and how to best support you through the program. It's also expected that you maintain supervision by an accredited supervisor during the consolidation phase of your training. Please note that RACGP requirements are in addition to any Ahpra requirements on your supervision.

Your supervisor provides clinical guidance and support during your program. In exceptional circumstances, when you are working in the training site, they are also responsible for in-practice teaching and contributing to the assessment of your clinical competence. If you have an Ahpra nominated principal supervisor, they'll be your supervisor for the whole of the FSP, including the consolidation phase.

On-site supervision model

On-site supervision is the preferred model for the FSP. The RACGP requires the supervision described below as a minimum, regardless of your supervision status with Ahpra:

- In GPT1 and GPT2, your supervisor is with you at the training site a minimum of 80% of the time
- In GPT3 and GPT4, your supervisor is with you at the training site for a minimum of 50% of the time
- In consolidation, your supervisor is with you at the training site for a minimum of 50% of the time

At the commencement of GPT1 you must practice under direct supervision of an accredited supervisor, until your supervisor decides that this is no longer required. The EASL helps inform this decision. Direct supervision is the term used to describe a supervisor having oversight of every consultation. This is achieved by your supervisor:

1. observing your consultation, or
2. reviewing the patient with you before the patient leaves, or
3. reviewing the consultation notes and, where relevant, discussing the case with you at the end of the session or the following day.

In GPT1 and 2, you are competent to practice safely without review of every case but still require close monitoring. A clinical supervision plan is in place that describes who is to be contacted and when and how that contact is expected to occur. Your supervisor is available to attend your consultations as required.

In GPT3 and 4, you are competent to practice with a high degree of self-sufficiency but still require access to supervisor support and a clinical supervision plan. Your supervisor is available to attend in-person as required.

In the consolidation phase, you are competent to practice with a high degree of self-sufficiency but still require access to supervisor support. This supervision can be provided by the nominated supervisor or a supervisory team.

Remote supervision

In some situations, a remote supervision model may be considered if there is a community need and the training site has limited or no regular access to an on-site supervisor. This arrangement will be flexible and unique to each situation and we'll work closely with you and the training site to explore if this is an option for you.

If you need a remote supervision arrangement, please contact us as early as you're able so that we can work with you to assess whether this is possible.

Approval of a remote supervision model is reliant on the training site, supervisor and registrar being assessed as suitable.

Note: You (the registrar) are required to be located on-site with other members of the practice team even if remote supervision is approved.

Supervisor leave cover

When you are working in the training site but your supervisor is not physically present, there must be an agreed system in place where your supervisor or an appropriate delegate can be contacted for prompt clinical consultation. This includes when your supervisor has planned or unplanned leave.

If your supervisor is on leave for less than two weeks, you can ask another GP who meets the supervisor eligibility criteria (as per the [Training site and supervisor handbook](#)) to supervise you. For periods of leave longer than two weeks, your supervisor should submit a leave request via the FSP portal.

If your supervisor can no longer supervise you, you must advise the Training Programs team as soon as possible. You won't be able to train without a supervisor for more than two weeks and you'll be required to go on leave until the College approves an alternate supervisor, nominated by you.

Any unsupervised training time won't count towards your training.

Training site requirements

FSP registrars are required to enter training with a training site that has been approved by the RACGP. While you don't participate in a placement process, the RACGP will review your nominated training site to ensure that it, and your supervisor, are accredited against the [RACGP Standards for general practice training](#) and doesn't exceed the maximum numbers of registrars under supervision.

Accreditation helps ensure a high standard of general practice training across Australia and the provision of high-quality teaching resources, supervision and facilities for registrars.

It's expected that all FSP registrars work in comprehensive general practice as outlined in the [RACGP's Comprehensive Australian general practice guide](#).

Please note that the [General Practice Fellowship Program Placement Guidelines](#) are revised regularly, in addition to revisions to the Commonwealth Government's distribution priority areas (DPA) and Modified Monash Model (MMM) classifications. FSP registrars' training site location must remain an approved location as per the guidelines for the entirety of their program. A change in training site location may be necessary if the DPAs or MMM classifications change.

The MMM defines whether a location is metropolitan, rural, remote or very remote. The model measures remoteness and population size on a scale of MMM categories MMM 1–7. MMM 1 is a major city and MMM 7 is a very remote community. More information on MMM areas can be found on the [Department of Health, Disability and Ageing website](#).

Registrars are required to work in the hours between 8.00 am and 6.00 pm during training and may provide after-hours services if suitable. This arrangement needs to be equitable to other doctors at the training site.

After-hours work is usually not considered comprehensive.

The after-hours period is defined as:

- after 6.00 pm and before 8.00 am on weekdays
- before 8.00 am and from 12.00 pm onwards on Saturday
- all day Sunday and all public holidays.

TIP! You can apply to work in up to two independent practices, or three branch practices on the FSP.

You may apply to work at a single training site, or two independent but affiliated training sites.

If you're working across two independent training sites, you're required to meet the minimum of 14.5 hours a week at each independent training site, with at least 10.5 hours face-to-face rostered patient consultation time over a minimum of two days.

If a training site has branch practices, you may be approved to work in up to three of these practices. Please note that you're required to work across two of the three sites and meet the minimum of 14.5 hours per week. All three sites must meet the branch requirements and provide the appropriate level of supervision.

Changing training sites

You may remain at the same training site/s for the duration of your program. However, if you wish to change training sites or work at an additional training site during the FSP, you must submit an application for approval, and the site you're requesting to change to must already be an accredited training site.

Application process

Applications to change training sites or to add an additional training site will not be considered until at least three months after the start of your training. Any requests submitted within this period will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

An extenuating and unforeseen circumstance is something outside your control, can reasonably be considered to have been unforeseen and can be shown to have a direct and significant impact on you. The RACGP considers extenuating and unforeseen circumstances on a case-by-case basis.

Guidelines for training site change

The following needs to be considered when submitting a change in circumstance request form to change your training site during training in the FSP (education or consolidation phase):

1. Your training site needs to be in an MMM2-7 location, or MMM1 under extenuating and unforeseen circumstances
2. Your training site needs to be an RACGP accredited training site as per the [Standards for general practice training](#)
3. If your new site is able to support your supervision requirements for your stage of training
4. If you have limited or provisional medical registration, your Ahpra approved site/s and supervisor/s need to match your change in circumstances request form

You may apply for a change in training site if:

- you have an identified career and/or education and training need that can't be met in your current training site (with approval from your ME)
- you or a significant family relation have extenuating and unforeseen circumstances
- you're unable to continue at your training site due to changes that make the training site unsuitable for the FSP.

We recommend you submit your change in circumstances request 12 weeks prior to relocation to ensure there are no delays. You can't move training sites until approval for the site and supervisor is given.

Application considerations

To ensure a smooth transition from one training site to another, please ensure you factor in the following processes:

1. Ahpra (if applicable) – If you have conditions with Ahpra, you must obtain Ahpra approval before submitting a change in circumstances request. Once you receive approval from Ahpra, and it's reflected on your registration, you can then submit a change in circumstances request through the FSP portal. We recommend you contact Ahpra directly
2. Location – Any change in your training site must adhere to the [General Practice Fellowship Program Placement Guidelines](#). All training sites must be accredited by the RACGP. If you intend to apply for an MMM1 location, you can refer to the [FSP consideration of extenuating and unforeseen circumstances guide](#). Allow approximately eight to 10 weeks (this timeline can vary, as it depends on Medicare) for processing any training site change applications
3. Supervision – Your new supervisor must already hold accreditation as a supervisor. We recommend you nominate an on-site supervisor at your new training site. If you request a remote supervisor, approval of this request will be at the discretion of the RACGP, even if the supervisor is training accredited. See the Remote supervision section of this guide for more information
4. Leave – Leave may be necessary for the following reasons:
 - You have left your old training site and awaiting your new Medicare provider number before starting at the new training site
 - You have left your previous training site and are awaiting Ahpra approval for your new nominated training site and/or supervisor. After receiving Ahpra approval, you also need to await approval from FSP and for your Medicare provider number

Refer to the [change in circumstance form instructions](#) for additional information.

Outcome of change in circumstance request

Please note that you must wait for the outcome of your change in circumstance request before making any changes, such as relocation. If changes, such as Ahpra supervision, need to align with your change in circumstance request, you should notify us via email in addition to submitting your change in circumstances request form.

Impact on training

Given that the program encourages embedding GPs in their community, submitting multiple change in circumstance requests can impact the continuity and stability of your training. We may explore the circumstances for such requests where frequent in nature, to ensure the best training experience for you.

Submitting a request

All requests for a change in circumstance must be submitted using the change in circumstances request form, available on the FSP portal. Please ensure that your request is submitted 12 weeks prior to the proposed start date at the new site. You must wait for a decision from the RACGP before relocating to your new site.

If we identify you need to change training sites

The RACGP continuously evaluates that training sites can consistently meet the [RACGP Standards for general practice training](#). When a training site is unable to meet the Standards, the RACGP will work with them, however there may be periods where it's not suitable for a training site to employ registrars. If this happens, you'll be required to pause training and source a different training site. The RACGP will support you in this transition with information on potential training sites for you to move to. Depending on the situation, you may also be placed on leave until you can find a suitable site to work in while you train in the FSP.

Training site considerations

You must undertake all training within Australia and Australian external territories (eg Ashmore and Cartier Islands, Christmas Island, Cocos [Keeling] Islands, Coral Sea Islands, Australian Antarctic Territory, Territory of Heard Island, McDonald Islands and Norfolk Island).

Preparing for employment

Complete an employment agreement

While in the FSP, you're responsible for your employment arrangements and conditions at your approved training site. The RACGP has no jurisdiction over your employment conditions.

Before commencing at a training site, you need to finalise your agreement and employment terms and conditions. You should get in contact with the practice manager or relevant administrative staff member early so that your employment contract is finalised before the term begins. [The National Terms and Conditions for Employment of Registrars \(NTCER\)](#) may be a useful reference when negotiating your contract.

Have a Medicare provider number

It is vital that you have an RACGP issued Medicare provider number (MPN) before you start working at your approved training site. Your MPN gives your patients access to Medicare rebates for all or part of their healthcare. Any time you spend working without an RACGP approved MPN can't be counted as training time.

The RACGP will facilitate the MPN forms, but it's your responsibility to ensure they're completed by all parties and returned to the RACGP in a timely manner. Your provider number won't be back-dated and can take several weeks to process during peak periods.

What happens if I don't receive a Medicare provider number in time for my program commencement?

If you haven't been issued an MPN by the start of GPT1, you won't be able to commence training and you'll be placed on Category 4 leave as per the [Leave policy](#) until your MPN is processed. It's important to note that MPNs won't be back-dated and patients can't claim the Medicare rebate unless you have a valid MPN.

What if I change training sites?

If a change of training site is approved by the RACGP, you must apply for a new MPN. MPN processing is handled internally and we ensure your paperwork is sent through to Services Australia, whether it's at the start of your training or if you've requested an extension. We'll send you a new Medicare provider number application form along with your outcome letter should your change of training site be approved.

Will my training site and the RACGP be notified of my Medicare provider number?

No. Services Australia will send your MPN to you. It's your responsibility to notify your training site and the RACGP of your MPN as soon as you receive it to ensure you can start at your training site as planned.

The RACGP requests that you send a copy of your finalised paperwork from Medicare to approvedplacement@racgp.org.au.

How long is my Medicare provider number valid?

The RACGP authorises MPN end dates for six months beyond the education component of your FSP. We're able to assist with extensions to your provider number for the duration of the training program, which consists of the education phase and consolidation phase, providing you continue to meet training program progression requirements. If we withdraw you from the FSP or you withdraw voluntarily, your RACGP issued MPN will be cancelled.

It's your responsibility to monitor when your MPN is due to expire and apply for extensions where appropriate. Neither Medicare nor the RACGP will issue reminders.

Complete an orientation at the training site



When you start your program, your supervisor or practice team member will give you an orientation to the site, including:

- introducing you to all members of staff
- teaching you how to use practice systems
- telling you where to find relevant resources, including reference materials, medications and equipment
- telling you about relevant policies, procedures and processes in the practice, such as referral, admission to hospital, after-hours arrangements, follow-up of patients, sterilisation, prescribing Schedule 8 medications and the disposal of waste.

Boundaries in your workplace

To maintain appropriate boundaries in your workplace:

- you shouldn't enter into a formal therapeutic relationship with your supervisor during a training term
- you and your supervisor shouldn't prescribe or provide medical treatment for one another, or pressure each other to provide prescriptions for yourselves, your families or friends.

We recommend that:

- registrars do not treat other practice staff (including other GPs)
- practice staff do not seek medical care or prescriptions for themselves (or their families) from the registrar when realistic alternatives are available.

In rural areas where there's limited access to alternative medical care, the practice may consider a policy of allowing you to treat staff, with appropriate supervisory oversight, after considering the risks, benefits and alternatives. Your training stage should also be considered and the situation should be discussed with you.

In the rare event of an emergency requiring you or your supervisor to provide emergency treatment to the other, you should debrief (once you've obtained appropriate consent) with other supervisors in the training site or your local ME as soon as possible afterwards to ensure you're adequately supported. An adverse event form may need to be completed.

TIP! Find yourself a GP, in a different practice to your own, if possible, who you feel comfortable talking to about work and personal stresses and attend regularly for preventive health.

Professional conduct requirements

The Australian community rightfully expects a high level of professional behaviour from GPs. Professional competency training and assessment is a core part of the FSP. You must learn and demonstrate professional conduct throughout your training program, as detailed below.

You should behave and practice with honesty and integrity to meet the standards expected by your peers, patients and the wider Australian community. You should always maintain medical professionalism, in practice and in the community, including the appropriate use of social media.

You need to take responsibility for your learning and actions. We're here to support your journey to Fellowship, but it's up to you to make the most of the support and expertise available to you. This includes communicating with your supervisor, training site and program team effectively and appropriately, and completing program-related administrative tasks in a timely manner.

We can only give you the right support if you communicate to us your need for help. If you're worried about anything related to your training journey, please reach out to someone within your training program team who you feel most comfortable talking to.

If we're having trouble contacting you or believe you're failing to conduct yourself professionally, we'll attempt to raise these issues with you, including your RLO. If we can't satisfactorily resolve the issues, we may decide it's necessary to take remedial action or withdraw you from the program.

Induction to the FSP – Relevant policies and guidance

- [Academic misconduct policy](#)
- [Recognition of prior learning and experience policy](#)
- [Training programs entry policy](#)
- [Placement policy](#)

TIP! You can review Ahpra's [Good medical practice: A code of conduct for doctors in Australia](#) for an in-depth overview of the standards and expectations of the sector.

Training program requirements

Program time obligations

The FSP is a five-year training program and includes two phases – education and consolidation. This means you're required to complete:

- All education and training requirements (education phase) within two calendar years from the commencement of your program

All requirements in the consolidation phase within three calendar years after the completion of your education phase

While you can work part-time during the FSP, you need to complete all education and training requirements on a full-time basis. This means that you must meet all program requirements (education and consolidation phase) within five calendar years.

Full-time is defined as at least 38 hours over a minimum of four days per week. A minimum of 27 hours must be in face-to-face, rostered patient consultation time undertaking general practice activities. Work periods of less than three consecutive hours, or of less than four calendar weeks in any one practice won't be considered. Hours worked beyond this full-time definition won't be considered and is not recommended. Please refer to [GPiT safety and wellbeing policy](#).

Part-time is defined as at least 14.5 hours over a minimum of two days per week, of which at least 10.5 hours is face-to-face, rostered patient consultation time undertaking general practice activities. Work periods of less than three consecutive hours or of less than four calendar weeks in any one practice won't be considered.

What's not included in the program time

Some types of leave are not included in the program time cap:

- Category 1 leave – leave from the training program
- Category 3 leave – Australian Defence Force (ADF) service leave
- Category 4 leave – deferral of commencement of training

If any leave period exceeds the entitlement period and/or what was approved, this can affect your program time too.

Refer to the [Leave policy](#) for more information.

TIP! Approved periods of leave can affect the program end date stated in your FSP agreement. Contact the Training Programs team at fspadmin@racgp.org.au if you have concerns about your program time cap.

Education and training requirements

The education phase comprises of four 26-week terms. The consolidation phase is the period during which you can sit Fellowship exams once deemed eligible.

Table 1. FSP training terms and time requirements

	Training term	FTE weeks
FSP education phase	GPT 1	26 weeks
	GPT 2	26 weeks
	GPT 3	26 weeks
	GPT 4	26 weeks
Rural Generalist Fellowship training (if you choose to undertake this)	Additional rural skills training	52 weeks
	Core emergency medicine training	26 weeks

To successfully complete each training term, you must:

1. satisfactorily meet all education and training requirements in the term
2. be assessed as successfully completing the training term.

If you don't successfully complete a training term, you won't be able to progress to the next training term. If you need to repeat a training term, this will be offered in the form of a focused learning intervention (FLI) or remediation. Your medical educator will ensure this is communicated with you.

Summary of education and training requirements

Table 2. Outline of mandatory requirements for the FSP

Mandatory requirements in education phase

Training requirements

- Complete all education and training requirements in two calendar years (exceptions apply for approved circumstance changes such as leave and remediation)
- In-practice education
- Supervisor end-of-term report
- Basic life support
- Progress reports
- Induction report at the start of the program

Educational requirements

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural awareness module
- Out-of-practice education in the form of small group learning
- Clinical audit
- Progressive assessment
- Multi-source feedback

Basic life support

As part of the FSP entry requirements, you need to complete a basic life support (BLS) course in the 12 months before starting your first training term. The course needs to meet the RACGP criteria HLTAID009 unit of competency or above. You can only use your Advanced Life Support (ALS) certification if it includes BLS with a CPR component and has been completed in the 12 months before your first training term. For more information, refer to the [Basic life support and advanced life support guide](#).

Your training team will advise the steps to submit your BLS certificate.

We recommend you keep your BLS certification current throughout your training.

Cultural awareness module

All registrars are expected to develop competence in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health, and it's a core unit of the [RACGP curriculum and syllabus](#). Completion of a cultural awareness module is mandatory in the first training term.

Induction and progress meetings

Induction meetings are outlined in the 'Induction' section of this handbook.

Progress meetings are mandatory and conducted at the conclusion of each term. They're an opportunity to discuss your learning needs with your ME and identify if there are any areas you'd like additional support in. Where progress needs to be reviewed outside of these meetings, your ME may schedule a progress meeting with you.

In-practice education

Your teaching plan

In the first two weeks of the term, your supervisor will work with you to develop a teaching plan based on your learning needs, with details of learning activities to be carried out during your program (this is informed by your EASL results). We encourage you to think about your personal learning needs before meeting with your supervisor. The [RACGP curriculum and syllabus](#) is also a valuable tool for developing the teaching plan.

The plan should include a schedule that shows when the activities will take place and who is responsible for each activity.

Throughout your program, you and your supervisor should review and update the plan to ensure the in-practice teaching and learning activities are meeting your learning needs.

In-practice teaching activities

Most teaching activities will be with your supervisor and related to your daily caseload, such as one-on-one clinical case discussions and mentoring. These are important aspects of work-based learning.

Other teaching activities might include direct observation, case-based teaching, patient scenario discussions, joint consultations, formal teaching on specific topics, review of taped or recorded consultations, demonstration of and participation in clinical procedures, random case analyses, small group discussions and cultural education. Your supervisor will tailor teaching activities to your learning needs and the context of your practice.

You will also learn informally through quick discussions with your supervisor throughout the workday.

In-practice teaching time

During your program, time will be set aside for in-practice teaching activities, including 'protected' time that is free of interruptions (unless there is an emergency). In the first year of the FSP, one hour each fortnight of protected in-practice teaching time is scheduled. In the second year, it's one hour per month. Your in-practice teaching time is the same whether you are working part-time or full-time.

Out-of-practice education

In addition to your in-practice education, you can access out-of-practice education, including self-directed learning, peer learning and exam preparation. Some activities are mandatory for your progression through training and others are optional.

We encourage you to make the most of the resources and opportunities to connect with peers.

Small group learning

You'll attend a series of small group learning (SGL) sessions run by an ME. These sessions will be peer-led, covering various topics from the [RACGP curriculum and syllabus](#). SGLs may vary in duration (for example, between one and two hours). You'll be sent calendar invitations for these sessions to your nominated email address in advance.

Participation in SGL is mandatory throughout your training terms.

Some SGLs may include case-based discussions and reflective activities to ensure certain competency domains are met.

Clinical audit

A clinical audit is a systematic review of aspects of clinical performance. It's a valuable quality improvement activity designed to explore areas such as:

- rational ordering of investigations (radiology/pathology):
 - review the frequency of tests ordered, for example, thyroid function test in patients on long-term thyroxine replacement
 - imaging in acute knee and ankle injuries, for example, what the indications are and what modalities could be used.
- management/prescribing:
 - how closely did you follow clinical guidelines in the management of, for example, lower back pain
 - review your prescribing as compared to current best practice.
- preventive medicine activities:
 - review patient records for recording smoking status and smoking cessation advice given
 - review patient records for recording current alcohol use, alcohol cessation and reduction advice given.

You'll complete a mandatory clinical audit activity addressing specific aspects of preventative health in your training site. You'll use the audit template to analyse de-identified patient data and reflect on the outcomes of the care provided. You'll need to submit your de-identified patient data and responses to the reflection questions. The results of your audit will be discussed with your ME within an SGL session.

Significant event analysis

A significant event analysis is a formal way of analysing incidents that may impact patient care. This activity is mandatory and involves identifying an incident (eg unexpected death, medical error or communication failure) and reviewing reporting guidelines and subsequent actions, including remedial activities.

You'll be provided with a template to aid you in completing this assessment and the outcomes will be discussed in an SGL session.

Evidence-based medicine activity

Critical appraisal in medicine is an important skill to ensure your practice is evidence-based. You'll be required to submit an evidence-based medicine (EBM) activity for discussion with your ME.

The EBM involves choosing an article from a selection provided by your ME and completing an analysis of the evidence. You'll be provided with a worksheet containing a framework for completing the analysis and you'll need to submit the completed worksheet before the SGL session when this activity will be discussed.

You will discuss what you have learned in an SGL session with your ME and peers.

Continuing professional development

While you're progressing adequately in the FSP, your continuing professional development (CPD) requirements will be met by your program participation. If you work as a doctor outside the training program while on approved leave from training, you become personally responsible for meeting your annual MBA CPD requirements. Read more about this in the [CPD guide for GPs in training](#).

Registrars will meet the CPD requirements by participating in an accredited specialist training program and their accredited specialist medical college becomes their CPD home by default. For the RACGP, this includes the AGPT and FSP specialist training programs, and RACGP CPD home becomes the registrar's CPD home.

During your consolidation phase, you're expected to partake in self-directed exam preparation. We recommend you keep documentation of all completed activities as evidence, in case of an audit.

Workplace-based assessment program

Progressive assessment in the workplace involves observation and assessment of your workplace practice. It allows us to track your progression through training, ensuring you receive support to gain the clinical competencies and skills relevant to your training stage and to progress to Fellowship.

Different people are involved in your education and workplace-based assessment, including:

- your supervisor
- your medical educator
- external assessors
- your program officer.

You'll receive feedback following each assessment, allowing you to reflect on your progress and plan additional learning opportunities with the support of your supervisor, ME or program officer.

It's important to schedule time for assessment, feedback and personal reflection.

Progressive assessment in the workplace comprises different assessment tools.

TIP! We understand that registrars work with different demographics and in certain instances interpreters are crucial to consultations when working with culturally and linguistically diverse populations. For workplace-based assessments, the preference is to consult with English-speaking patients. However, in circumstances where this is not possible, an on-site interpreter should be engaged.

Overview of assessment tools

The workplace-based assessment comprises:

- early assessment for safety and learning (EASL) suite of tools
- case-based discussion (CBD)
- random case analysis (RCA)
- mini-clinical evaluation exercise (mini-CEX)
- multi-source feedback (MSF).

You'll be required to complete multiple workplace-based assessments during the FSP, with your supervisor and ME. These will consist of a variety of assessment tools assessing a range of competencies.

Early assessment for safety and learning

The early assessment for safety and learning (EASL) suite of tools assesses your level of competence in early GPT1, identifying areas where closer supervision and guidance may be needed and if you're able to recognise your limitations and seek help appropriately when required. Data from the EASL tools inform the development of an appropriate supervision plan tailored to your level of competence and learning needs in the context of the training practice.

The EASL comprises three components:

- A multiple-choice question (MCQ) assessment with an integrated self-confidence rating
- Direct observation of consultations by the supervisor
- Daily case discussion and debriefing conducted by the supervisor

Information to guide your supervisor in making this assessment includes:

- Completion of the [EASL pack](#)
- Results from an online multiple-choice questionnaire that you complete
- A workplace-based assessment case review – CBD (two cases) and mini-CEX (four cases)

These assessments are completed in the first two weeks of GPT1.

You can refer to the [Early assessment for safety and learning – instructions for registrars](#) for step-by-step instructions and screenshots on how to complete the EASL.

Multiple-choice questionnaire

The EASL multiple-choice questionnaire (MCQ) involves a set of timed online questions. The questions cover various curriculum areas with a focus on patient safety.

You can access the MCQs via [gplearning](#) and must complete them in one sitting, as the system will log you out automatically after a period of inactivity.

The MCQs are designed to help identify gaps in applied knowledge, especially in areas that are critical to patient safety. Upon completion of the MCQ, you can view a dashboard summary of your results. This information can assist you and your supervisor to identify areas where you require additional support and closer supervision.

Workplace-based assessment – Case review

1. CBD – You need to submit two cases in the Assessments and Forms section of the FSP portal. See the case-based discussion section below for more information.
2. Mini-CEX – Your supervisor should observe a minimum of four consultations undertaken by you. This may be completed in one session or across multiple sessions, enabling you to make changes based on the feedback provided. If you have remote supervision, these observations will need to occur via video conference such as Zoom or Microsoft Teams. After each observation, your supervisor needs to input their feedback into the FSP portal via the mini-CEX form in the Assessments and Forms section.

Case-based discussion and random case analysis

These tools are designed to assess your clinical reasoning, management and decision-making skills using clinical cases that you've managed. Feedback is generally provided immediately after each session to support learning and reflection.

Your assessor will use a structured discussion format for the assessment. Targeted questions will allow you to demonstrate your competency across specified curriculum and syllabus areas. The assessor will explore in detail any issues relating to the case to identify any clinical knowledge gaps.

Case-based discussion

For CBD, you'll be asked to select a recent clinical case to present to the assessor, including providing clinical notes, relevant investigations or results, and details of referrals or preventive healthcare plans. You'll present cases that you've been primarily responsible for managing and that represent a medium level of complexity, where clinical reasoning may be complicated by uncertainty and/or where decision-making requires consideration of multiple issues.

You might highlight aspects of the case for discussion, depending on your self-identified learning needs. Sometimes an assessor may request a case with a specific area of focus, particularly if it's been identified that you need support in that area.

You'll need to submit two CBDs as part of the EASL, and participate in another CBD as part of your GPT2 progress meeting.

Random case analysis

In RCA, the assessor will randomly select a case from your consultation records to discuss. They'll ask you to think about the case from different perspectives and discuss these through the lens of the RACGP curriculum and syllabus, in particular, the five domains of general practice. The development of your clinical reasoning will be explored through consideration of how a change in one of four contextual influences – the doctor, the patient, the problem and the system – changes the case.

RCA is helpful to ensure you explore cases you may not usually see in your day-to-day practice.

You'll partake in two RCAs per term as part of your WBA sessions.

Mini-clinical evaluation exercise

A mini-CEX involves observation of you performing a consultation. This is delivered remotely by an experienced ME. You don't have to download any software for this.

This style of assessment can either focus on a particular competency area, such as specific clinical skills or professionalism, or it may be managed as a general observation. Find a suitable place in your consulting room to place your device so your ME can view the consultation as if they were in the room with you.

Once completed, your assessor can immediately discuss the consultation with you, providing feedback and ideas for further development. It is encouraged that your supervisor and ME have a brief discussion about your progress at the start or end of a WBA that includes a mini-CEX.

You should ensure your training site is aware of how you need to set up and prepare for a WBA.

At the start of a WBA, we recommended the first 15 minutes are reserved for a discussion between yourself, the ME, and your supervisor. Aim to schedule your WBA at a time when your supervisor is able to attend as this will help the ME and supervisor support your learning needs.

Patient booking should be made at no more than two patients per hour.

Reception staff must print out a patient consent form on the day of the assessment and hand them to each patient as they arrive. All patients must sign the consent form prior to the start of the consultation. These are to be stored on the patient file at your practice.

Multi-source feedback

Multi-source feedback (MSF) provides you with feedback from both patients and colleagues and asks you to self-evaluate your skills, particularly in the areas of communication and professionalism.

You'll complete one MSF assessment during your general practice training – this will be during GPT2.

Your MSF pack will be posted directly to your training site (if you work in more than one training site, it will be posted to the training site where you work the most hours) from the company [Client Focused Evaluation Program \(CFEP\) Surveys](#). The pack you receive in the mail is only for your patients to complete. You, as well as your nominated colleagues, will receive login details via email to complete a report through the CFEP portal.

You'll need to:

- gather 30 patients' feedback and return the pack to CFEP in an enclosed self-addressed envelope (do not forward these to the RACGP)
- nominate 12 colleagues to provide feedback via the CFEP portal. Remember, you're able to draw on anyone you have professionally interacted with in the past 12 months
- use the CFEP portal to complete a self-reflection.

Patients are surveyed using an interpersonal skills questionnaire. The survey explores patient perceptions about your behaviours, such as listening skills, clarity of explanations, respect for the patient and involvement of the patient in decision-making, as well as the patient's confidence in your ability.

CFEP will compile the data and a final survey report will be uploaded to your FSP portal Documentation section in the last few weeks of GPT3. You and your ME should discuss this at your next scheduled progress meeting.

Progress reports

Your supervisor and ME are required to complete a progress report each term. They include details about your competency at the current stage of training, enabling you to track your progress and talk with your supervisor about your learning.

Performance and progression

The performance and progression of each registrar is reviewed regularly by the ME, program officer and other program team members. These discussions serve several purposes:

- Planning for a registrar's learning needs
- Tracking progression and development of competency
- Early identification of registrars who need support

These reviews may include the registrar, particularly when there is assessment feedback to be given and to plan learning goals.

Progression Review Committee

The RACGP's [Progression Review Committee](#) (PRC) oversees the progression of all trainees. Its role is to provide support and/or advice on recommendations made by the training program team regarding educational support, remediation and supervision requirements, as well as ongoing review.

The progress of all registrars is overseen by the PRC for quality assurance purposes. If a program officer, ME or supervisor raises concerns about a registrar for any reason, they may seek advice from the PRC.

Advice or recommendations from the PRC will be shared with you, generally through your ME.

This process provides an opportunity for you to develop a plan to address issues, such as training or learning needs, to ensure you're receiving support to continue progressing through training.

If you're not progressing as expected or are not at the expected standard for your level of training, you may be required to complete a:

- Focused learning intervention (FLI)
- Remediation term
- Term adjustment

All are mandatory and require endorsement from the PRC.

Your ME may discuss and initiate an FLI or remediation with you and present this for endorsement at PRC, or the PRC may review your progress and determine a FLI is required.

Educational interventions such as FLIs and remediation terms incur an additional cost and aren't included in your program fees. FLIs are usually completed within eight weeks whereas remediation terms generally run between three to six months. The cost will be discussed with you in advance.

Both educational interventions outline a set of activities to address areas of performance that need improving. If you need intensive assistance, a remediation term will be discussed. During a remediation term, program time is stopped to allow focus on a particular area of competency improvement.

Term adjustment will be utilised if you have taken longer periods of leave (usually over 13 weeks during a term), or in some cases where multiple educational activities are required to be completed including assessments. This will mean you repeat a GP term and your training time, and in some cases your consolidation phase, will be extended.

You can refer to the [Registrar Support and Educational Interventions Policy](#) for more information regarding support available to you.

Practice diversity

You must have exposure to a diverse range of populations and presentations (eg age, gender, socioeconomic status, and cultural and linguistic backgrounds). Having this exposure is valuable to support your development as a specialist general practitioner. All registrars will be required to undertake activities to demonstrate that they have fulfilled the practice diversity requirements, including a reflective exercise and online learning module.

Self-directed learning

During the FSP, you'll have access to a comprehensive suite of online learning resources. This includes learning strategies, case consultation examples and the [RACGP curriculum and syllabus](#). You'll also have access to [gplearning](#) online modules.

Exam preparation

The most practical way to prepare for the Fellowship exams is to work in clinical practice. We provide training and support for your preparation for the Fellowship exams, including the [self-assessment progress test](#) (SAPT), webinars, tutorials, peer study groups and mock exams. Your program team will provide you with the options available as you progress to the exams. There is a particular focus on exam preparation in your final FSP education term.

Other training opportunities

Rural Generalist training

Additional rural skills training

If you're working towards the [Rural Generalist Fellowship](#), you'll do 52 weeks of [additional rural skills training](#) (ARST) in an accredited training post.

This training is designed to give you an opportunity to develop additional skills and expertise in a particular area (Table 3) and enhance your capability to provide secondary care to your community. You must be enrolled in rural generalist training to undertake ARST.

For more information about additional rural skills training, refer to the [RACGP Rural Generalist Fellowship Training Handbook](#).

You can enrol for Rural Generalist training at any point in time during the FSP.

Rural Generalist Training includes an additional 18 months of training to complete ARST and core emergency medicine training. Please note that Rural Generalist training can't be used to extend the FSP training time cap – all FSP training program requirements need to be completed within the five-year cap.

We recommend you consider your individual circumstances and discuss them with your ME. You also need to ensure you meet all the training program requirements for exam eligibility, in addition to requirements for Rural Generalist training.

Table 3. Additional rural skills options

Procedural disciplines	Non-procedural disciplines
Anaesthetics	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health
Emergency medicine	Academic post
Obstetrics	Adult internal medicine
Surgery	Child health
	Mental health
	Palliative care

Details about the curriculums for the disciplines can be found on the [RACGP website](#).

Core emergency medicine training

If you're training towards the Rural Generalist Fellowship, you must complete a minimum of six months (FTE) of **core emergency medicine training** (core EMT). This training gives you the skills and confidence to manage emergency situations in rural and remote environments. You may complete it after, or even concurrently with, your general practice training terms, allowing you to experience the context in which the emergency services are provided.

Core EMT generally requires a minimum of six months (FTE) in an accredited emergency medicine facility. You'll need to demonstrate satisfactory achievement of the **core EMT curriculum** outcomes.

You must complete a minimum of one accredited emergency skills and/or simulation training course within the 24 months before or during the emergency medicine training. The curriculum outcomes and examples of accredited courses can be found in the **core EMT curriculum**.

You should work closely with your program officer and ME to develop the most appropriate training plan for your individual circumstances.

For more information about core emergency medicine training, refer to the [RACGP Rural Generalist Fellowship Training Handbook](#).

Training program requirements – Relevant policies and guidance

- Extensions of program time policy
- Leave policy
- Basic life support and advanced life support guidance document
- Registrar support and educational interventions policy

TIP! You can apply for recognition of prior learning and experience (RPLE) for any or all of the training components of the Rural Generalist Fellowship. See our [website](#) for more information.

It's your choice to obtain Rural Generalist Fellowship. It isn't mandatory.

Consolidation phase

The consolidation phase is the period where you're eligible to sit Fellowship exams. You can only progress to this phase once you have satisfactorily completed the FSP training requirements.

The consolidation phase ends either when you're admitted to Fellowship or your exam candidacy period ends. This phase is up to three years in length and contributes to your five-year program time cap. Extensions may be considered in certain circumstances, subject to the [Extensions of program time policy](#), if you have any suspensions to your candidacy and if you meet other Fellowship requirements.

Your exam candidacy is paused while you're in the education phase and will recommence (immediately) on completion of your FSP education. If you don't enrol in an exam in the semester when your candidacy resumes, your candidacy will not be extended unless you apply for and are granted a suspension of candidacy. If you are yet to commence your candidacy, it's expected that you enrol in the exams as soon as you are eligible. Enrolment in exams is a key measure of progress during the consolidation phase and failure to begin sitting your exams may be considered as failure to progress by the Progress Review Committee.

Program requirements during consolidation phase

During the consolidation phase, there are requirements you need to fulfil to remain on the training program. These include:

- remaining in an accredited training site with an accredited supervisor
- a progress report from your supervisor every six months
- enrolling in RACGP exams as soon as you're eligible
- maintaining Ahpra registration and informing us of any changes to your medical registration.
- progress meetings with an ME.

It's expected that all FSP registrars in the consolidation phase continue to work in comprehensive general practice as outlined in the [RACGP's Comprehensive Australian general practice guide](#). This includes continuing to work in locations that are MMM2 to MMM7.

You are required to meet the minimum hours required for training during your consolidation phase. Part-time training is defined as at least 14.5 hours over a minimum of two days per week, of which at least 10.5 hours is face-to-face, rostered patient consultation time, undertaking general practice activities. You must inform the program of any changes to these hours including leave requirements.

Fees

FSP registrars in the consolidation phase are required to pay an annual fee. Refer to our [fees page](#) for more information.

Supervision during your consolidation phase

Supervision is required until you attain Fellowship. In consolidation, your supervisor is required to be with you at the training site for a minimum of 50% of the time. This supervision can be provided by the nominated supervisor or a supervisory team.

The level of supervision you receive during your FSP consolidation phase will depend on your existing skills and competency, and the structures at your training site. Your supervisor should attend in person as required and will monitor your training site until you are awarded Fellowship. If you need to change supervisor in the consolidation phase of the FSP, you're required to submit a change in circumstances request form via the FSP portal and pay an administration fee. The supervisor needs to meet the same accreditation requirements as while you were completing the education program.

Change in training site during consolidation phase

If you need to change training site in the consolidation phase of the FSP, you're still required to submit a change in circumstances request via the FSP portal. The new accredited training site needs to comply with the [General practice fellowship program placement guidelines](#) and depending on any medical registration addenda, may need to be approved by Ahpra.

In addition, any training site move during the consolidation phase must be to a site that is already accredited against the [RACGP Standards for general practice training](#).

There may be a fee associated to change training site, this is to cover the administration costs of this process. Please refer to the [FSP fees page](#) for more information on this.

Work arrangements in the consolidation phase

You are required to continue to work minimum of 14.5 hours a week with 10 hours face to face across two days in your training site. You must continue to work under an accredited supervisor who is on-site for at least 50% of the time.

If you're working in two independent practices, you're required to meet the minimum of 10.5 hours face to face, rostered patient consultation time over a minimum of two days within a minimum 14.5 hour working week hours at **each** independent practice.

If you are working across three branch practices, two of those must meet program requirements of 14.5 hours a week per site, in your third practice you must do one or two sessions per week. All three practices must meet branch practice requirements.

During the consolidation phase, registrars are required to work between 8.00 am to 6.00 pm, like in the education phase. You may provide some after-hours services at your training site, provided this arrangement is suitable for both you and the site and there is appropriate supervision. However, it is important that this after-hours work is equitable compared to the other doctors at the training site and does not constitute the majority of your work hours.

As with the education phase, after-hours work is generally not considered comprehensive. The after-hours period is defined as:

- Weekdays: after 6.00 pm and before 8.00 am
- Saturday: before 8.00 am and after 12.00 pm
- Sunday and all public holidays: all day

Continuing professional development

During the consolidation phase, you're required to maintain CPD compliance by demonstrating progression in training and completing activities in the [consolidation phase registrar checklist](#). We recommend you keep a record of the activities you complete in the consolidation phase in case of an audit. As part of your RACGP membership, you have access to a range of courses and other resources to help you meet your consolidation phase CPD requirements.

Read more about this in the [CPD guide for GP Training](#).

Leave during your consolidation component

Leave during the consolidation phase will be monitored and needs to be submitted via the Request Leave form in the FSP portal. All leave entitlements in the FSP education phase apply to the consolidation phase. Please refer to the [Leave](#) section of this guide for further information.

Leave taken during the consolidation phase will affect your ability to sit exams and you won't be able to sit exams while on leave.

As with leave taken at any time during your program, when taking leave during your consolidation phase, you'll need to consider how that leave impacts your training time and your ability to meet all requirements within the five years.

If you have questions about this, please reach out to your program team.

Performance progress during the consolidation phase

Your progress in the program will be closely monitored throughout the consolidation phase and discussed at the progression review committee (PRC). Where concerns arise regarding progression in training, you may be required to do a focussed learning intervention or remediation.

Professional standards are required to be adhered during the entirety of your training including the consolidation phase. You are required to inform the program of any changes to your medical registration, supervision, work hours and leave.

Conflicts of interest actual, potential or perceived also needs to be declared to the training program. If you have any type of close personal or dependent relationship with a staff member at the training site where you wish to train, you and the training site must disclose this to us as a potential conflict of interest at the start of the application process by emailing fspadmin@racgp.org.au. Examples of what you need to declare are spousal/partner relationships and visa sponsorship arrangements.

Furthermore, registrars are not allowed to nominate a training site where there is a significant pre-existing relationship with the supervisor, practice owner or practice manager, unless there are extenuating circumstances.

You also must declare any business interest you have with the site or its affiliations.

Extension of program time

An extension of program time may be granted in specific circumstances if you can't fulfil Fellowship requirements within the training time cap.

An extension of 26 weeks will be granted if there are extenuating and unforeseen circumstances. Further extension may be granted at the RACGP's discretion.

Extension for training and assessment purposes

In some situations, you may need an extension of program time to satisfactorily complete a stage of training, sit Fellowship exams or regain competence after an extended period of leave.

If you apply for an extension to complete a stage of training, your program team will advise you of the education and training requirements for satisfactory completion during this extension.

If your program team decides you need an extension, they'll discuss this with you.

Further extension of program time

If you require additional program time extension you may apply to your program team.

A further extension of program time may be granted at the RACGP's discretion for:

- cultural needs, considerations and commitments for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars
- special circumstances for international medical graduates
- extenuating and unforeseen circumstances experienced by you or a significant family member
- an approved remediation term to ensure all education and training requirements are met (per the [Registrar support and educational interventions policy](#)).

Extension of program time - Relevant policies and guidance

- [Registrar support and educational interventions policy](#)

Term adjustment

If you fall behind in educational activities in a term, the Training Programs team will assist you in catch-up activities where possible. However, in cases where multiple educational activities require completion, you may be offered a term adjustment.

A term adjustment usually occurs where registrars have taken long periods of leave, such as 13 weeks (or more) in one term.

A term adjustment means that you'll need to repeat the training term.

It doesn't extend your five-year program time – instead, it shortens your consolidation phase.

Registrar support and safety

Training and educational support

The RACGP is committed to supporting registrars to achieve their training outcomes and satisfy the requirements of Fellowship. Throughout the training program you can access a variety of support for your education and training.

Support for particular groups of registrars

Rural registrars

We recommend you live in the community where you work to help you and your family connect with your community and get the most from your training.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars

Individualised mentorship, cultural support, exam preparation support, tailored supervision and practice support is available for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars. Your program officer can help you access this.

Culturally and linguistically diverse registrars

Training in communication skills, orientation to Ahpra's [Good medical practice: A code of conduct for doctors in Australia](#) and individualised support is available for culturally and linguistically diverse registrars. Your program officer can help you access this support.

Educational support

If your program team have concerns about your performance and progress, they'll work with you to identify and implement the most appropriate, targeted educational support or intervention for your circumstances.

Performance issues that require support may be minor and transient or more significant and persistent. There may be a single issue or multiple issues.

Concerns about performance and progress might involve:

- communication skills
- clinical skills
- cognitive skills
- organisational, integrative and collaborative skills
- professional behaviour
- other serious issues that might be reportable, including:
 - health and personal issues
 - work environment and systems issues.

Our educational support has a stepped approach (Figure 2):

1. Early identification of registrars who need extra assistance
2. Provide appropriate assistance and support
3. Implement an educational intervention (eg focused learning intervention)
4. Implement remediation

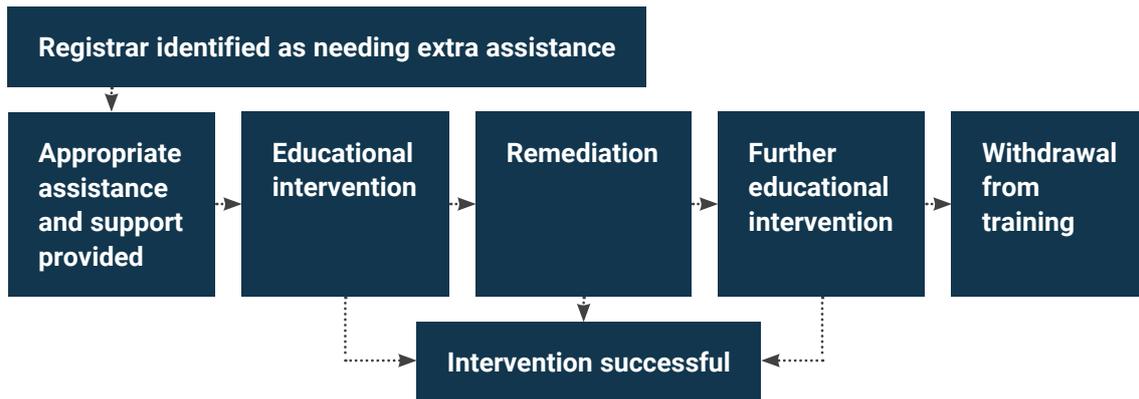


Figure 2. Approach to educational support when there is a concern about performance and progress

Focused learning intervention

Your ME, supervisor or external assessor may identify learning needs that require a focused learning intervention (FLI).

You'll work with your program team, training site staff and supervisor to develop a FLI specific to your needs.

Everyone involved in developing the FLI must agree on the timeframe for completion.

Unfortunately, not all registrars who complete a FLI will demonstrate sufficient improvement. If this is the case, you may be required to:

- undertake another FLI
- undertake remediation
- withdraw from training.

Remediation

Remediation is a critical educational intervention to help address performance concerns and assist you in your progression towards Fellowship of the RACGP.

Depending on concerns, remediation may be required instead of an FLI. However, the standard process is that if you haven't demonstrated sufficient improvement upon completion of an FLI, we'll work with you to develop a remediation plan.

A remediation plan could involve additional education, supervision, assessment and/or support.

The training program team will refer to the PRC to approve remediation. If we identify a potential safety risk to you or the community and can't wait for PRC approval, we may place you on a period of leave until approval is received. Your program team will work with you closely if this is the case.

If remediation is approved, your program time will be suspended for the period of remediation and you'll be unable to sit the Fellowship exams (even if you are otherwise eligible).

Costs associated with a remediation term are self-funded.

Support for legal, ethical and professional issues

If you have a legal, ethical or professional issue during your training, you should discuss it with your program team or registrar liaison officer.

In some circumstances, you may need to speak to your medical defence organisation (MDO). MDOs are a valuable resource. They offer support services and resources, such as webinars and newsletters, on professionalism and legal and ethical issues.

General Practice Registrars Australia (GPRA) can support you with legal and professional issues, and the Australian Medical Association also provides assistance if you're a member.

Social media is increasingly being used by GPs for professional and business purposes. The RACGP provides guidance on safe and professional use of social media in the general practice setting. For more information, refer to the [RACGP's information security in general practice](#) resource.

RACGP faculties

The RACGP faculties provide support and information to registrars and GPs. They also provide advice to the Board and represent the interests of members.

- National faculties:
 - [RACGP GPs in Training \(GPiT\)](#) is the voice of Australia's future GPs. From medical school to Fellowship, we support trainees through peer-led initiatives, wellbeing-focused programs, and strong advocacy in collaboration with General Practice Registrars Australia (GPRA). Whether it's shaping policy, amplifying registrar concerns, or building a connected community, GPiT ensures your voice is heard where it matters most
 - [RACGP Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health](#) aims to raise awareness and support Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health and cultural needs, advocate for culturally appropriate health delivery systems and support GPs and GPs in training in their learning and professional development, including specific support for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander doctors
 - [RACGP Rural](#) supports and advocates for GPs and GPs in training working in our rural and remote communities
 - [RACGP Specific Interests](#) provides the opportunity to share information and knowledge about 33 specific interest subject areas
- [State/territory faculties](#) inform, educate and engage members, and advocate for the profession

We encourage you to join our GPs in Training faculty to connect with your peers across the country, as well as your local state/territory faculty and any other national faculty of interest. Visit [our website](#) to learn more.

Your safety and wellbeing

Work health and safety

We recognise a responsibility to promote the safety and wellbeing of registrars and minimise risk factors as far as practicable throughout the training program. This is supported by our [GP in training safety and wellbeing policy](#).

As employers of registrars, training sites have work health and safety obligations that are governed by federal and state legislation. You should discuss work health and safety with your supervisor and/or training site manager during your orientation, including the management of hazards, adverse events, near misses and critical incidents, should they occur.

As a registrar working at a training site, you also have a duty to take reasonable care of your own and others' health and safety. This includes managing your risk of fatigue and ensuring your acts and omissions don't adversely affect others. Refer to [Safe Work Australia](#) for more information.

The health and safety of registrars is also addressed by the [National Terms and Conditions for the Employment of Registrars](#).

Stress and fatigue in general practice

We encourage you and your training site to be familiar with our policy position statement, [Stress and fatigue in general practice](#). It covers important information about what stress and fatigue means in clinical general practice and provides suggestions for effective discussions between registrars and supervisors on managing stress and fatigue.

Actively look for warning signs of fatigue and burnout in both you and your colleagues. Signs of burnout include exhaustion, desensitisation, a lack of meaning, preoccupation with work and making mistakes.

If you're travelling long distances, it's your responsibility to be safe while driving. Psychomotor and other functions can be affected by fatigue and cognitive impairment, reduced motor control and microsleeps increase in fatigued doctors, with obvious implications for road safety.

We strongly encourage you to be safe and avoid driving when fatigued.

Support for your wellbeing

Connect with your peers

Your peers can be a valuable source of support during training because they're going through similar experiences and challenges. Out-of-practice workshops are a great place to meet other registrars, develop friendships and find a registrar study group. Having a support network is an important part of your self-care.

The GP support program

The RACGP is committed to fostering a culture of self-care amongst GPs. The [GP support program](#) is a free service available to all RACGP members.

You can access professional advice to help cope with personal and work-related issues that impact your wellbeing, workplace morale, performance, safety and psychological health.

Tips for preventing and managing fatigue

- Practice good sleep hygiene, including having a restful sleep environment and avoiding using devices and other technology before bedtime
- Get regular exercise
- Eat a healthy diet, drink plenty of fluids and limit your alcohol
- Take regular breaks at work

General Practice Registrars Australia (GPRA) is an independent organisation protecting the rights of general practice trainees and offering wellbeing advice. Membership is free. Visit the [GPRA website](#) for information about the support available.

Indigenous General Practice Trainee Network

Indigenous General Practice Trainee Network (IGPTN) is an advocacy network for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander GPs in training. IGPTN provides professional, educational, cultural and exam preparation support that is led by peers. Each year, in addition to offering online learning and networking opportunities, IGPTN runs two national workshops and all Indigenous GPs in training are invited to attend. The support of Indigenous peers during general practice training makes a significant and positive impact on the whole training experience.

For more information and to become a member, visit the [IGPTN website](#).

Australian Indigenous Doctors Association

The Australian Indigenous Doctors Association (AIDA) offers networking and professional development opportunities. It also provides mentoring which allows members to support and guide each other academically and culturally through their medical studies and careers as Indigenous doctors. For more information and to become a member, visit the [AIDA website](#).

DRS4DRS

Having your own GP is important to optimise your own health. DRS4DRS is an independent program providing confidential support and resources to doctors and medical students across Australia, including helping you find your own GP.

The DRS4DRS website provides coordinated access to mental health and wellbeing resources, training on becoming a doctor for doctors, community news and navigation to helpline and referral services. Confidential phone advice is available 24 hours a day for any doctor or medical student in Australia. More information about support available can be found on the [DRS4DRS website](#).

CRANApplus Bush Support Services

CRANApplus Bush Support Services provides a free and confidential telephone counselling service for rural and remote health practitioners and is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The service is staffed by psychologists, including two Aboriginal psychologists. CRANApplus membership is not required to access the service. More information about support available can be found on the [CRANApplus website](#) or by calling 1800 805 391.

Other resources

You can find other self-care resources, including support services, on the RACGP [Wellbeing Hub](#).

You can also contact your RLO at fsprlo@racgp.org.au for support and/or guidance.

What can you do when things are not going to plan?

Your training may be affected by work or training-related factors, as well as personal, social, health, financial or cultural factors.

When you have a problem, it can be very helpful to talk to someone and get some advice. Depending on the issue, you might like to talk with someone in your program team, a registrar liaison officer or a trusted colleague.

If your training site manager or supervisor is concerned about your wellbeing or performance, they may communicate that to your program team.

Issues in the workplace

The RACGP expects all registrars, MEs, supervisors and training site staff to behave in a professional manner and to treat each other with dignity and respect. Unfortunately, bullying or harassment may occur while undertaking training activities. You may also feel unsupported by your supervisor, either personally or educationally.

You should report any of these issues to others in the workplace without fear it may negatively affect your training and career. If you feel comfortable doing so, raise the issue with the person you believe to be responsible. This can often quickly and informally resolve the issue. If you feel uncomfortable doing so or the issue remains unresolved, you should report any occurrence as per your training site policies and procedures as soon as possible.

You should also let your ME or program officer know of any issues you're experiencing. It's important that training sites maintain safe, inclusive training environments. Your RLO can also be a valuable support in this type of situation and you may wish to reach out to them as well.

Adverse events (including critical incidents)

Your training site must have processes to manage critical incidents and adverse events, whether they involve registrars, supervisors and/or the training site itself. It's important that you understand your training site's processes.

Under Australian Medical Council requirements, the RACGP is responsible for ensuring the safety of registrars and patients. A critical incident or adverse event must be reported to us if it involves a registrar or impacts their training. Reporting helps us have national oversight of issues affecting registrars, address any adverse outcomes, prevent harm and improve quality.

The RACGP supports training sites, supervisors and registrars by providing timely assistance to remedy situations and promote a safe, positive clinical learning environment.

An adverse event is any disruptive event that causes, or risks causing, significant harm to patients, registrars, GP supervisors, training site staff or associated stakeholders.

A critical incident is any adverse event that has resulted in a serious negative outcome for patients, registrars, GP supervisors, training site staff, the RACGP and/or its staff, program reputation or any combination of these.

Reporting an incident or event

It's your responsibility to report incidents and events as soon as possible. The privacy of your report will be protected and it will only be accessible by essential RACGP staff.

The RACGP's [Adverse event and critical incident management and reporting guidelines](#) provide direction for managing events involving registrars and reporting. As a registrar, if you are involved in any type of critical incident or adverse event, you must follow the guidelines and report the event.

For further information about reporting a critical incident or adverse event, speak to your program officer or contact the RACGP at criticalincidents@racgp.org.au

Registrar support and safety - policies and guides

- [Social media in general practice guide](#)
- [GP in training safety and wellbeing policy](#)
- [Stress and fatigue in general practice](#)
- [Adverse event and critical incident management and reporting guidelines](#)

Leave

Entitlements

You're entitled to different types of leave from your training program.

Every 12 months in GP training, you can take the following leave:

- 20 days of annual leave
- 10 days of sick or carers leave

All types of leave must be submitted via the Request Leave form on the FSP portal. Remember to advise and/or negotiate this leave with your training site prior to the leave request.

You should also discuss your plans for leave with your program officer and ME as early as possible, because there may be implications for your training plan, sitting Fellowship exams and completion of training.

If your leave extends beyond a reasonable timeframe (for the particular category of leave), your program and education team may consider withdrawing you from the training program as per the [Withdrawal policy](#).

TIP! We manage your training program leave. You'll need to speak to your employer about leave you can take from your training site. The leave you're entitled to may differ between workplaces and between Australian states and territories. Ensure you check what your allowances are on the relevant government website.

Categories of leave

There are four categories of leave that you can apply for.

Category 1– Leave from the program

Category 1 leave includes leave entitled by law, such as sick leave and carer's leave (over the limits listed above), parental leave and other types of leave, for example, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander additional cultural leave.

When applying for Category 1 leave, you'll need to provide valid certificates, where appropriate. Applications are considered by the program team. If you need to apply for more than 12 months of leave, a return-to-work process will be put in place to help you settle back into the training program and your training site.

As you're entitled to this leave by law, it won't affect your training time cap. You can also start your training program on Category 1 leave.

TIP! You cannot continue to work in general practice and use your FSP Medicare provider number while on leave.

TIP! If you work as a doctor outside the training program while on approved leave from training, you become personally responsible for meeting your annual MBA CPD requirements. Read more about this in the [CPD guide for GPs in training](#)

Category 2 – Additional leave from the program

Category 2 leave is available when you need to take additional leave for personal reasons or if you need to take leave for reasons not included under Category 1.

Applications are considered by the program team and reviewed by the education team as required.

It's important to note that Category 2 leave is included in your training time cap. This means that any Category 2 leave will impact your consolidation phase and time to sit exams.

It's also important to consider how taking this leave may impact earning time for your general practice experience (GPE) assessment.

A reminder that you require one year FTE equivalent of GPE in the past four years, to be eligible to sit Fellowship exams.

TIP! Registrars on an approved period of leave as per the [Leave policy](#) will not be scheduled on any FSP related educational activities.

Category 3 – Australian Defence Force (ADF) service leave

Category 3 leave is available for registrars training with the ADF that are required to take leave from training or defer their commencement to meet ADF service requirements. Supporting documentation must be provided when applying for this leave and it will not count towards the registrar's program time.

Category 4 – Deferral of commencement of training

Category 4 leave relates to deferral of commencement of the FSP – for example, if the RACGP is unable to match you to an appropriate training site or if a Medicare provider number is not issued in time for your commencement of training. You may apply to defer the commencement of training for up to 26 calendar weeks initially. In some instances you may be able to apply for a further 26 calendar weeks of leave.

Membership fees waiver

Your membership fees will be waived during periods of approved leave of three calendar months or more.

Your fees will be waived from the first date of your leave. Any membership fees already paid for the period of approved leave will be refunded after your leave or applied to your next membership period.

Access to the [RACGP website](#) and other RACGP login platforms during your leave will remain as is.

Returning from leave

At least 30 days before returning from leave you're required to submit another Request Leave form (available on the FSP portal) to notify your program team of your return. This will ensure the necessary arrangements can be made so you have appropriate program team support.

If you are returning from a lengthy period of leave this may require an assessment of recency to practice and we'll allocate a ME to discuss your specific needs in these circumstances.

Also, if your return factors in a change to training site and/or supervisor, please ensure additional time is allowed for this.

When returning to training after an extended period of leave, make sure you meet the [Medical Board of Australia's registration standards](#), particularly with regard to recency of practice.

Leave - policies and guides

- [Leave policy](#)

Withdrawal and re-entry

There may be circumstances where you need to withdraw from the program, or where we determine you need to be withdrawn from the program. In either situation, we'll offer case management support throughout the process.

There are two types of withdrawal, voluntary and involuntary.

Voluntary withdrawal

You may decide to voluntarily withdraw from the training program. We strongly encourage you to tell your program team before starting any formal withdrawal process, so that we can discuss alternative options and support you in your pursuit of Fellowship.

If you believe voluntary withdrawal is the best option given your circumstances, you must inform the program team in writing of your intention to withdraw from the program.

If you withdraw from the Rural Generalist Fellowship, you can remain on the FSP. Voluntary withdrawals are not subject to the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#) because the decision to withdraw is yours alone.

Cooling-off period

We recognise that withdrawing from the program is a significant decision to make and it's possible you may change your mind.

If you withdraw after the commencement of training, your decision is subject to a 20 business day cooling-off period. You'll need to advise the program team in writing by the end of the cooling-off period if you wish to cancel your voluntary withdrawal. After the cooling-off period, the withdrawal will be processed.

This cooling-off period doesn't apply to a voluntary withdrawal before the commencement of training. That means, if you withdraw before the training program begins and then change your mind, you'll need to reapply to join the FSP in the following intake.

You can waive the cooling-off period if you wish to reapply for entry.

Involuntary withdrawal

In some circumstances, we may decide that you should be withdrawn from the training program. If we intend to withdraw you, we'll advise you in writing before you're withdrawn.

We may withdraw you for the following reasons, as per the [Withdrawal policy](#):

- Clinical competence – You have not met and maintained an appropriate level of clinical competence at each milestone of training, as assessed by the progress review committee
- Capacity – You are unable to continue your training program because:
 - you're unable to maintain appropriate Ahpra general registration throughout the program
 - an addenda is added to your medical registration which restricts your ability to continue in the program.

- Compliance – You need to comply with the education and training of the training program. If you don't comply, you may be withdrawn from the program. For example:
 - if you don't comply with and complete the requirements of an approved remediation term
 - if you don't respond to correspondence from RACGP staff members about your program enrolment
 - if you can't meet your program time requirements
 - if you can't meet the required standards to enable you to be admitted to Fellowship and obtain registration as a specialist GP
 - if you defer commencement of training for more than 52 calendar weeks
 - if you don't maintain financial membership of the RACGP throughout training
 - if you don't pay your program fees.

A decision to withdraw you from the program can be disputed as per the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#). You must lodge a dispute within 20 business days from the date of withdrawal or the date of receiving the notification of withdrawal. If no dispute is raised, we'll proceed with the withdrawal process.

Re-entry

If you're involuntarily withdrawn from the training program, we may set conditions about reapplying to the FSP. These conditions will be outlined to you as part of the withdrawal process.

If we determine you can reapply to the program, you may need to satisfactorily complete remedial activities relating to the reason for your withdrawal.

There may also be some circumstances where you can't reapply to the FSP, for example, if the reason for withdrawal can't be resolved through remedial activities.

After withdrawal

After withdrawal, you'll be invited to participate in an exit activity. We'll give you information about career counselling, wellbeing support and other support specific to your needs.

We'll notify Services Australia of your withdrawal. Services Australia will provide 14 days notice of the intention to withdraw your name from the Register of Approved Placements. Once the notice period has passed, you'll be removed from the register and your Medicare provider number will be cancelled.

Withdrawal and re-entry – Relevant policies

- [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#)
- [Withdrawal policy](#)

Disputes and complaints

Dispute of a decision

Throughout your training, the RACGP will make decisions about your training program. These decisions are governed by the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#). The policy ensures decisions are made with due process and comply with RACGP policies.

If you're unhappy with the decision, work with your program team to find an agreed outcome. You may also like to speak with your registrar liaison officer. Generally, issues are able to be resolved in this informal mediation process.

However, you may decide to raise a formal dispute if you're unable to reach an agreed outcome with your program team.

Important things to note if you wish to raise a dispute:

- Disputes are managed under the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#). You should review the policy before applying to dispute a decision
- The program team will only consider your dispute if you have attempted informal mediation and been unable to reach an agreed outcome
- A dispute can only be raised about decisions the RACGP has made in relation to your training program. If you have a dispute with an employer that isn't related to your general practice training or your dispute relates to a decision made by another organisation, we can't deal with these under RACGP's policy
- You have 10 business days after we notify you of the original decision to raise a dispute

Reconsideration of a decision

The RACGP may make decisions about matters other than your training program. For example:

- your entry into a training program
- rejection of change in circumstance requests, such as a change of location due to extenuating and unforeseen circumstances
- exam eligibility
- your exam results.

If you're unhappy with the outcome of a decision that isn't related to your training program, you may apply for a reconsideration of the decision.

Important things to note if you wish to apply for a reconsideration:

- Reconsiderations are managed under the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#). You should review the policy before applying for reconsideration of a decision
- The RACGP will only consider an application for reconsideration of a decision that isn't related to your training program. If you want to dispute a decision relating to your training program, refer to [Dispute of a decision](#)
- You have 10 business days after we notify you of the original decision to apply for a reconsideration, or two business days if it is related to entry to a training program

Reconsideration applications attract a fee as they're not related to your training program.

Appeal a decision

You can appeal the outcome of a dispute or reconsideration. If you'd like to make an appeal, please note:

- Appeals are managed under the [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#). You should review the policy before applying to appeal the decision
- You have 20 business days after we notify you of the outcome of your dispute or reconsideration to make an appeal

If you're appealing the outcome of a reconsideration, you'll be required to pay a fee. You'll need to pay this fee before the reconsideration decision can be appealed.

Complaints

You can raise a complaint about a matter that isn't related to a decision made by the RACGP. For more information, including how to lodge a complaint, please refer to the [Complaints policy](#).

Disputes and complaints – Relevant policies

- [Complaints policy](#)
- [Dispute, reconsideration and appeals policy](#)

Fellowship exams

Overview

The RACGP Fellowship exams assess your competency for unsupervised comprehensive general practice anywhere in Australia. There are three Fellowship exams and each has a unique and targeted approach to assessing a candidate's knowledge and ability.

- Applied Knowledge Test (AKT) – designed to test the application of knowledge in the clinical context of Australian general practice. The AKT comprises 150 single best answer questions
- Key Feature Problem (KFP) – designed to assess clinical decision-making and clinical reasoning in practice. The KFP comprises 70 individual multi-selection questions
- Clinical Competency Exam (CCE) – online assessment by multiple examiners across nine clinical cases, with four discussions with an examiner and five clinical encounters, where candidates interact with a role player as the examiner observes

Refer to the [Assessments and examinations candidate handbook](#) for more information.

For more information about the AKT and KFP and to see example questions, refer to the [AKT and KFP guide](#).

You'll need to pass both the AKT and KFP before sitting the CCE. For more information about the CCE, refer to the [Guidelines for the clinical competency exam](#).

Exam eligibility

You're eligible to sit the Fellowship exams when you meet all the following requirements as per the [Fellowship exams policy](#).

- Satisfactory completion of education and training requirements of the FSP education component, including:
 - workplace-based assessment
 - education activities
 - any other sources of feedback and assessment we use to determine if you're eligible to sit exams.
- Satisfactory completion of two calendar years (or 18 months with RPLE) of the education component of the FSP by the date of the AKT
 - where the AKT or KFP is scheduled up to 31 calendar days prior to the training term end date, the RACGP will allow registrars from affected states or territories to sit the examination. The training term end date is determined by the standard term dates outlined by the RACGP for the program and as mentioned in your program agreement upon commencement. It's not the date adjusted based on any individual leave taken during the program.
- A valid GPE assessment of one year (FTE) of comprehensive Australian general practice experience in the last four years

TIP! Part-time general practice experience is calculated pro-rata against the definition of full-time general practice experience. If you work part time, this will impact your assessable experience and therefore the time it takes to meet the exam eligibility requirement of one year FTE of general practice experience.

- You have held appropriate Australian medical registration throughout the training program
- You have been a financial member of the RACGP throughout the training program. You must maintain membership until you're admitted to Fellowship, or your candidacy is exhausted (refer to [Candidacy](#) for more information)
- You have notified us of any changes to your medical registration during training, including a restriction, condition, limitation, reprimand, supervision requirement, tribunal outcome, suspension, undertaking and/or other remark or change

Changes to your medical registration don't necessarily mean you're no longer eligible to sit exams. You must disclose any changes to the RACGP by sending an email to education@racgp.org.au and we'll assess these.

Please note, failure to inform the RACGP of any changes that might affect your exam eligibility will be handled as per the [Academic misconduct policy](#).

General practice experience assessment

You need a valid GPE assessment outcome to be eligible to enrol in RACGP exams. A GPE assessment can take up to 10 weeks to assess, and if you don't have a valid GPE assessment outcome by the close of enrolment for the relevant exam period you'll be unable to enrol.

If you don't already hold a valid GPE assessment, you should apply for one as soon as you have met the requirements. You don't have to wait until completing the education phase of FSP to apply for a GPE assessment.

An outcome that has expired is no longer valid. If your outcome is due to expire, you should apply for a [top-up](#). If your outcome has already expired, you can apply for a reassessment.

TIP! For step-by-step instructions on how to complete your GPE application, please read both the [Applying for a general practice experience assessment guidance document](#) and the [Assessment of general practice experience policy](#).

Study leave

To assist with exam preparation and support registrar wellbeing, the RACGP recognises study leave as part of the training program. Study leave is not an entitlement under the National Terms and Conditions for the Employment of Registrars (NTCER), however employers have the discretion to offer study leave (paid or unpaid) as a non-standard term in a registrar's employment contract. You'll need to negotiate this with your training site.

Where study leave has been negotiated, the RACGP will recognise a total of three (3) days of study leave (pro rata) in the semester you are sitting exams as training time. There is no need to notify the RACGP of study leave negotiations unless the leave exceeds three days (pro rata). In the case of leave exceeding three (3) days pro rata, a leave application should be submitted for review and approval by your program officer. Any study leave taken above the recognised three days may impact your exam eligibility and expected Fellowship date.

Candidacy

Candidacy is a three-year period, separate from your training program time, in which you can attempt Fellowship exams. Your candidacy starts in the first semester after 2019 in which you enrol in and sit a Fellowship exam.

An exam semester is a six-month period during which all three Fellowship exams are delivered.

Your candidacy is made up of six exam semesters and not by the number of times you sit an exam. During your candidacy you may enrol in exams over a maximum of six exam semesters. This means you have six exam semesters to attempt and pass all Fellowship exams. You don't have six attempts at each Fellowship exam. Exam passes obtained from the 2019.1 semester onwards remain valid until the end of your candidacy. Keep in mind it's a prerequisite to pass both the AKT and KFP before sitting the CCE. You can enrol in the CCE with a pending AKT and/or KFP result. If you are unsuccessful in the AKT and/or KFP, you will be automatically withdrawn from the CCE.

If you don't pass the AKT and/or KFP until the last semester of your candidacy, you'll have just one attempt at the CCE. This attempt will be in the same semester that you become eligible to sit the CCE. Passing the written exams doesn't grant an extension of candidacy.

Candidacy commences when you enrol and sit your first exam. Once your candidacy starts, each subsequent exam semester counts towards your candidacy. If you don't sit an exam in a particular exam semester, your candidacy will not be extended, unless you are granted a suspension of candidacy.

If you've commenced your candidacy period (attempted or passed any exam/s), the RACGP will suspend your candidacy upon entry to the FSP (the start of your first term). Upon satisfactory completion of the FSP, your candidacy will recommence and you should resume sitting exams as soon as your education term ends. We'll confirm you have satisfactorily completed the FSP via email, six weeks after your final term end-date.

If you transfer to another training program, your overall period of candidacy doesn't change; you still have six exam semesters to sit all Fellowship exams. If you transfer to another RACGP-approved program after your candidacy has commenced, your candidacy will carry over to your new program. While you're completing the program, we will suspend your candidacy and it will resume once you have completed the educational component of the program.

TIP! We recommend you apply for your GPE assessment in the final term of the educational component of the FSP.

If you do not feel ready to commence your exams immediately in the consolidation phase, you may apply for a suspension of candidacy.

If approved, this will extend your candidacy beyond three years. Keep in mind though, you are expected to complete all components of the FSP within five calendar years. Refer to [Suspension of candidacy](#) in this handbook.

If you don't enrol in an exam in the semester when your candidacy resumed, your candidacy will not be extended unless you are granted a suspension of candidacy.

If you reach the end of your candidacy and have not passed all Fellowship exams, you'll be ineligible for Fellowship and withdrawn from the FSP. There will be no further opportunity to enrol in Fellowship exams.

The exams you pass from the 2019.1 semester onward are valid for the duration of your candidacy, including any periods of extension. See the [Fellowship exams policy](#) for more information.

An example of how the candidacy period works

If the first Fellowship exam you attempt is the 2023.2 KFP, your candidacy commences in the 2023.2 exam semester and expires at the end of the 2026.1 exam semester if no suspensions are applied.

If you decide not to enrol in any Fellowship exams in the 2024.1 exam semester, the semester still counts towards your candidacy (because candidacy is made up of semesters in which you're eligible to enrol and sit, not exam attempts). Your candidacy will still expire in 2026.1.

Suspension of candidacy

A suspension of candidacy is a period in which you're not required or permitted to attempt Fellowship exams. The exams you pass during your candidacy are valid for the duration of your candidacy, including periods of suspension. This means a suspension will automatically extend the validity of your exam results.

There are two types of suspension, standard and non-standard.

TIP! You'll find details of your candidacy in the **My candidacy portal**. You'll get access to this portal when you enrol in your first exam.

Standard suspension

You're eligible for one standard suspension during your candidacy. This suspension may be undertaken at any time during your candidacy.

You may use your standard suspension because of:

- financial reasons
- personal reasons
- unsuccessful exam attempts (so you can dedicate time to improving your exam technique or knowledge).

You can apply for a standard suspension through **My candidacy portal** and you don't need to submit supporting documentation. If you need to apply for a standard suspension retrospectively, send an email to examinations@racgp.org.au.

A standard suspension applies to the entire exam semester and not to any one exam type. Therefore, if you have sat any exam in the semester, a suspension can't be applied.

Non-standard suspension

We recognise that extenuating and unforeseen circumstances may affect your ability to complete Fellowship exams within your candidacy and you may need to apply for a non-standard suspension.

In an application for non-standard suspension, we'll consider the following reasons:

- Ill health (other than minor illnesses)
- Carers leave
- Bereavement
- Acute adverse life circumstances
- Hospitalisation
- Australian Defence Force deployment leave
- Other significant changes to your circumstances

All applications for non-standard suspension of candidacy must be accompanied by appropriate supporting documentation. We may ask for additional supporting documentation if insufficient evidence is submitted with your application.

Your application won't automatically be approved. Non-standard suspensions will be granted on a case-by-case basis and approval is at the discretion of the RACGP.

If you believe you need extra time off from sitting exams because of your circumstances and you wish to apply for a non-standard suspension of candidacy, send an email to examinations@racgp.org.au

Financial membership

You must maintain current financial RACGP membership throughout your candidacy until you are admitted to Fellowship or exhaust your candidacy.

Exam support

Exam preparation in the work setting

Training for general practice largely takes place in the practice setting, which is where you should also prepare for exams. Fellowship exams aim to assess how knowledge is applied to everyday situations in Australian general practice. The actual processes of patient care and a doctor's attitude are also important.

You might find it helpful to invite a trusted colleague to observe you consulting, either in the training site or by video (both require informed patient consent), to give you constructive feedback. This will help you to review and analyse your clinical performance and make changes where appropriate. Performing well in actual practice will help you demonstrate these behaviours in the exam environment.

Exam preparation activities

Your RACGP program team has dedicated exam preparation activities that you can access. Exam preparation is included as part of your FSP education activities and will be embedded across the program.

Exam support

A range of support is available for candidates, including exam support online (via [gplearning](#)), [reports from past exams](#) (pass marks, performance and psychometrics), preparation courses through the RACGP state faculties, clinical guidelines and more. To access the resources, visit [Exam support program resources](#).

Exam support for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars

Yagila Wadamba Program

RACGP Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health has developed the Yagila Wadamba Program (meaning learn to heal), an annual support program for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars.

The program concentrates on exam preparation and other key areas of general practice training. Participants can network with peers and hear from MEs and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander GP Fellows. For more information, visit the [Yagila Wadamba Program](#) website, email aboriginalhealth@racgp.org.au or phone (03) 8699 0528.

Support from the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Censor

The RACGP Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Censor is available to support you when enrolling in and during the Fellowship exams, if you consider it appropriate. If a conflict of interest arises or you feel uncomfortable working with the censor, then the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health faculty will find an alternative support person for you.

How the censor can support you

The censor will offer holistic support tailored to your needs. You may communicate and meet with the censor face-to-face or by phone, email, video conference or a combination of these, depending on your preferences and where you're both located.

All support provided by the censor is confidential – they won't keep records for any reason. You may take notes for your own use.

The censor may offer support such as case-based discussions, helping you prepare for an exam or helping you in the case of an unsuccessful exam attempt.

Checking your exam results

During each exam cycle, the censor checks the enrolments and results of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander registrars. They'll reach out and support you to check your results if you haven't already (they won't disclose your results if you haven't checked them).

After an unsuccessful exam attempt

If you sit an exam but don't pass, the censor can give you general and targeted advice to increase your chances of success in future exam attempts. They're not able to give feedback on the questions, cases or the answers you gave in your specific exam.

If you were unsuccessful in your AKT and are waiting for your KFP results, the censor will provide support after the KFP results are released so that you can discuss both exams.

The censor will reach out to you to offer support within four weeks of your exam results being released. However, you can also contact your program team, the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health faculty or your censor if you wish to access this support at any time.

We advise you to accept support within five weeks of exam results being released to allow enough time for the censor to review your circumstances before the next exam cycle.

If you don't accept the support offered by the censor, we'll close offers of support eight weeks after results are released.

Enrolment in exams

It's your responsibility to monitor when Fellowship exams are scheduled and enrol in any you wish to sit. You won't be automatically enrolled in an exam based on your eligibility. If you're coming to the end of the FSP education component and your eligibility is pending completion of education and training activities, you can enrol in the meantime. Your program team will confirm with the assessment team if your program requirements are met.

If you commenced your exam candidacy before starting the FSP, it will automatically reactivate. You will lose exam candidacy time if you don't enrol and sit your exams as soon as your consolidation phase commences.

For more information about exam enrolment and upcoming exam dates, visit the [exam enrolment](#) webpage.

Unsatisfactory progress and readiness to sit exams

If you've completed the program time requirements for exam eligibility but your education and training requirements haven't been satisfactorily completed, we may deem you ineligible to sit the relevant RACGP exam. Your program team will discuss this with you and how you can work towards being eligible to sit the exam.

Sitting exams while on approved leave

If you're on a period of leave approved under the [Leave policy](#), you're not eligible to sit Fellowship exams unless you're granted an exemption. This excludes registrars on parental leave who are eligible to sit exams and their request to sit is supported by the program team. Speak with your program officer if there are extenuating circumstances where you believe you need to sit a Fellowship exam while on leave.

Sitting exams while on remediation

If you're on a remediation term, you're not eligible to sit Fellowship exams. You can provisionally enrol in an exam scheduled after your remediation term is due to finish, however, your ability to sit the exam is subject to your remediation term being satisfactorily completed.

If you don't satisfactorily complete your remediation term, we'll withdraw you from any exams you have enrolled in for the following term.

For more information about withdrawal from a Fellowship exam, refer to the [Assessment and examinations candidate handbook](#).

Becoming ineligible after enrolling in an exam

You must maintain your exam eligibility from the time of enrolment to the exam day. You may become ineligible if:

- there is a change in your medical registration (addition of addenda, loss of registration or change to type of registration held)
- you commence a remediation term
- your GPE assessment expires before exam day or does not meet the required criteria
- you are on an approved period of leave and don't have an exemption to sit the Fellowship exam.

We conduct exam eligibility audits up to the day of the exam to ensure enrolled candidates are eligible to sit that exam. If at any stage after enrolling in an exam you become ineligible you must withdraw from that exam. Sitting any Fellowship exams while ineligible is a breach of the [Academic misconduct policy](#).

Withdrawing from an exam

We understand there may be times when you have enrolled in an exam and need to withdraw. If you wish to withdraw from an exam, please note that:

- confirmed enrolments can't be transferred to another applicant
- the enrolment fee may not be refunded
- your enrolment can't be transferred to a future sitting of the exam. This includes transferring the enrolment fee. You must enrol again if you wish to sit in a future exam.

For information about withdrawal from a Fellowship exam, refer to the [Assessment and examinations candidate](#) handbook.

Fellowship exams – Relevant policies and guides

- [Academic misconduct policy](#)
- [Assessment and examination candidate handbook](#)
- [Fellowship exams policy](#)
- [Leave policy](#)
- [Applying for a general practice experience assessment guidance document](#)
- [Assessment of general practice experience policy](#)
- [Examination guide](#)

Fellowship

Your training must be assessed as completed and you must meet the requirements to be admitted to Fellowship as per the [Requirements for Fellowship policy](#). You can then apply for Fellowship. Read the RACGP [Oath of Fellowship](#).

Fellowship of the RACGP (FRACGP)

Being awarded Fellowship of the RACGP means that you are deemed to be competent to deliver safe, specialised and high-quality general practice care anywhere in Australia.

Rural Generalist Fellowship (FRACGP-RG)

The [Rural Generalist \(RG\) Fellowship](#) is awarded in addition to the vocational Fellowship of the RACGP (FRACGP). RGs deliver primary care services, emergency medicine and additional skills like obstetrics, anaesthetics and mental health services in hospital and community settings to provide access to a broader range of specialist medical care in rural and remote areas.

Requirements for Fellowship

To be eligible to be admitted to Fellowship, you must meet the [Requirements for Fellowship policy](#) which outlines:

- education and training program requirements
- experience requirements
- examination requirements
- administrative requirements
- professional and ethical requirements.

Preparing for Fellowship

Once you've satisfactorily completed all Fellowship requirements as per the [Requirements for Fellowship policy](#) you can submit evidence for approval by the relevant censor.

Education requirements

- Completion of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health unit in the [RACGP curriculum and syllabus](#)
- Completion of all mandatory education activities, including:
 - participation in mandatory education activities
 - completion of required self-directed online learning
- CPD compliance
- Completion of the workplace-based assessments at a satisfactory standard
- Attendance at a minimum of two meetings per year with your ME

Experience requirements

- Completion of the required period of program time. For all registrars this includes a minimum of two calendar years of program time (with provision for up to 6 months RPLE), and
- A minimum of three years (FTE) general practice experience in the past 10 years (including overseas experience), of which at least two years (FTE) must be in comprehensive Australian general practice. All GPE must be determined by a valid GPE assessment outcome, assessed as per the [Assessment of general practice experience policy](#).
- Additional requirements for rural generalist registrars:
 - 52 weeks of additional rural skills training (ARST)
 - 26 weeks of core emergency medicine training (core EMT)

Basic life support and advanced life support training

- Completion of basic life support (BLS) training in the 12 months prior to program commencement. The BLS course you complete must meet the HLTAID009 unit of competency (or above)
- Completion of BLS training in the 12 months prior to applying for Fellowship. The BLS course you complete must meet the HLTAID009 unit of competency (or above)
- Completion of advanced life support (ALS) training within four years prior to applying for Fellowship. To ensure your ALS training is recognised it must:
 - meet the guidelines and protocols of the [Australian and New Zealand Committee on Resuscitation](#) or [Resuscitation Council UK](#). The training must assess competency using observation of clinical performance in simulated scenarios
 - include the management of adults (not just paediatrics).

Examination requirements

You must have passed all Fellowship exams during your period of candidacy.

Administrative requirements

During your training you must:

- hold current Australian medical registration at all times and disclose any addenda or regulatory authority activity, whether in Australia or otherwise, that:
 - has led or may lead to an addendum on your Ahpra medical registration
 - has led to an adverse finding or forms part of an ongoing investigation
 - is considered notifiable conduct (as per the Medical Board of Australia's guidelines: [Mandatory notifications about registered health practitioners](#)).

If you fail to disclose details of your medical registration as outlined above, the situation will be handled as per the [Academic Misconduct Policy](#).

- maintain financial membership of the RACGP from the time of joining the training program and throughout your candidature.

Additionally, if you had an Ahpra-appointed supervisor and/or an Ahpra-approved site upon applying to FSP, you must have appointed these for the purposes of FSP.

Professional and ethical requirements

GPs are expected to uphold standards of professional and ethical behaviour to protect the reputation of the profession as a whole. Admittance to Fellowship of the RACGP demonstrates that you are considered to meet these standards.

You may not be admitted to Fellowship if we reasonably consider that you:

- are unsuitable to be admitted to Fellowship in accordance with the [Fellowship policy](#)
- have engaged in conduct which would attract sanctions under clause 27 of the [RACGP Constitution](#)
- have an addenda on your current Ahpra medical registration that prevents you from undertaking unsupervised comprehensive Australian general practice.

Applying for Fellowship

When you have met all the requirements for Fellowship you may complete an application for Fellowship.

The Fellowship application form will become available on your assessment statement once you have passed the Fellowship exams. To access the application form, log into the [My candidacy](#) portal and navigate to the assessment statement.

You'll need to provide all documentation related to the requirements for Fellowship.

Extension while awaiting Fellowship

Once you've met the requirements of Fellowship, you'll automatically receive an extension of up to 12 calendar weeks in which to submit your Fellowship application.

If circumstances prevent you from submitting your application for Fellowship for more than 12 calendar weeks, your program officer may apply for a further extension on your behalf. Additional extensions are considered on a case-by-case basis.

During this extension, you still have access to your training program MPN. You can choose to work below minimum part-time training requirements. If you wish to undertake work in a non-accredited training site that doesn't require access to Medicare, or to not practice at all during this extension, you may do so.

TIP! As the Fellowship process can take up to 12 weeks, it's important to provide all the requested documentation promptly to avoid delays.

After you've been admitted to Fellowship

Apply for specialist registration with Ahpra

Apply to Ahpra for specialist registration to access Medicare rebates as a specialist GP. You should apply as soon as you're admitted to Fellowship. For more information and to apply, visit the [Ahpra website](#).

Apply for a new Medicare provider number

Your Medicare provider number issued under the FSP will be updated once you become a Fellow of the RACGP.

Fellowship – Relevant policies

- [Requirements for Fellowship policy](#)

Maintain membership of the RACGP

As a member and Fellow of the RACGP, you are part of Australia's largest professional GP network with 50,000 members. We invite you to make the most of all that your membership offers, including access to the [CPD program](#), [gplearning](#), [Australian Journal of General Practice](#), [John Murtagh library](#), [business management tools](#), [recruitGP](#), and the national and state/territory [faculties](#).

Supplementary material

Evaluation of the FSP

Your experience in the FSP is at the heart of how we shape and improve the program. Ongoing evaluation ensures the FSP training remains relevant, effective and responsive to your needs.

Our evaluations aim to:

- monitor progress against the program's objectives and outcomes
- understand impact, including how the program supports your knowledge, skills, attitudes, intentions and behaviours
- drive improvement by using your feedback to strengthen the program for you and future registrars.

You may be invited to share your feedback through short surveys, focus groups or interviews. Your input is highly valued – every insight helps us improve the FSP, and create a better learning experience for current and future registrars.

Useful contacts

Ahpra

T: 1300 419 495

W: www.ahpra.gov.au

General Practice Registrars Australia (GPRA)

T: 03 9629 8878

E: enquiries@gpra.org.au

W: www.gpra.org.au

RACGP GPs in Training faculty

T: 1800 472 247

E: gpit@racgp.org.au

W: www.racgp.org.au/the-racgp/faculties/gp-in-training

Services Australia

Medicare provider number information and applications:

T: 13 21 50, Option #2

Section 19AB of the *Health Insurance Act 1973* (Cwlth):

E: 19AB@health.gov.au

Acronyms and initialisms

ACRRM	Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine
ADF	Australian Defence Force
AGPT	Australian General Practice Training
Ahpra	Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency
AKT	Applied Knowledge Test
AMC	Australian Medical Council
ARST	additional rural skills training
BLS	basic life support
CBD	case-based discussion
CCE	Clinical Competency Exam
EASL	early assessment for safety and learning
EMT	emergency medicine training
FARGP	Fellowship in Advanced Rural General Practice
FLI	focused learning intervention
FRACGP	Fellowship of the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners
FRACGP-RG	RACGP's Rural Generalist Fellowship
FSP	Fellowship Support Program
FTE	full-time equivalent
GP	general practitioner
GPE	general practice experience
GPT	general practice term
GPRA	General Practice Registrars Australia
KFP	Key Feature Problem
MBA	Medical Board of Australia
MDO	medical defence organisation
ME	medical educator
Mini-CEX	mini-clinical evaluation exercise
MMM	Modified Monash Model
MSF	multi-source feedback
PRC	Progression Review Committee
RACGP	Royal Australian College of General Practitioners
RCA	random case analysis
RVTS	Remote Vocational Training Scheme
SBA	single best answer

Glossary

Term	Definition
Addenda	Includes, but is not limited to, restrictions, conditions, limitations, reprimands, supervision requirements, tribunal outcomes, suspensions, undertakings and/or any other remarks or changes. Refer to the Ahpra website for more information.
Additional rural skills training (ARST)	52 calendar weeks (FTE) in an accredited training post that provides the appropriate depth and breadth of experience necessary to meet the requirements of the ARST curriculum.
Ahpra medical registration	Registration with the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (Ahpra) which allows the registrant to practise medicine. Refer to the Ahpra website for more information.
Candidacy	The three-year period, separate to training program time, during which a registrar can attempt Fellowship exams.
Candidate	The medical practitioner eligible to sit RACGP Fellowship exams.
Clinical competence	Demonstrated ability to consistently perform relevant clinical tasks to the standard prescribed in the Progressive capability profile of the general practitioner .
Commencement of training	The day on which the registrar begins the FSP.
Comprehensive Australian general practice	As defined in the Comprehensive Australian general practice guidance document .
Conflict of interest	<p>A situation in which it is reasonable to conclude that an individual's or group of individuals' personal interests directly conflict with the best interests of the GPiT or where individuals' actions may be influenced by their personal interests rather than education and training outcomes. A conflict of interest includes, but is not limited to, when:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">close personal friends or family members are involvedan individual or their close friends or family members may make financial gain or gain some other form of advantagean individual is bound by prior agreements or allegiances to other individuals or agencies that require them to act in the interests of that person or agency or to take a particular position on an issue.
Core emergency medicine training	A mandatory component (minimum of six months) of rural generalist training that is designed to strengthen rural general practice training by providing registrars with the skills and confidence to manage emergency situations in rural and remote environments.
Education and training requirements	The mandatory components of the registrar's RACGP-approved program as defined in the relevant registrar handbook.
Exam semester	A period during which all three Fellowship exams are delivered.

Extended skills training	A six-month (FTE) term undertaken to extend the depth and breadth of the registrar's skill base in an area relevant to general practice.
Extenuating and unforeseen circumstances	Circumstances that are outside of the registrar's control and can reasonably be considered to have been unforeseen, and can be shown to have a direct and significant impact on the registrar. The RACGP considers extenuating and unforeseen circumstances on a case-by-case basis.
Fellowship	Admittance to either: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fellowship of the RACGP (FRACGP)• FRACGP and Rural Generalist Fellowship (FRACGP-RG)
Fellowship exams	The exams run by the RACGP to assess the candidate's competency for unsupervised general practice anywhere in Australia. They include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Applied Knowledge Test (AKT)• Key Feature Problem (KFP)• Clinical Competency Exam (CCE)
Financial RACGP member	An RACGP member who has: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• met the membership category requirements• had their complete membership application form accepted• paid their current membership fee in full.
Full-time training	A 38-hour working week, over a minimum of four days per week. A minimum of 27 hours must be in face-to-face, rostered patient consultation time undertaking general practice activities. Work periods of less than three consecutive hours, or less than four calendar weeks in any one practice, will not be considered. Hours worked beyond this definition of full time will not be considered.
Full-time equivalent (FTE)	The number of hours worked as a proportion of full-time training (when a registrar undertakes part-time training).
General practice training terms	A 26-week period of training in the FSP, referred to as GPT1, GPT2, GPT3 and GPT4.
In-practice education	Education that takes place in community general practice under supervision.
Member	As per clause 108.a.xxi of the RACGP Constitution
Modified Monash Model	<p>The Modified Monash Model (MMM) is a classification system that categorises metropolitan, regional, rural and remote areas according to both geographical remoteness and town size.</p> <p>The MMM classification for any given area can be found by using the locator tool on the Health Workforce Locator.</p>
Notifiable conduct	As per the Medical Board of Australia's Guidelines for mandatory notifications about registered health practitioners .
Original decision	A decision that is the subject of a dispute, reconsideration or appeal.

Out-of-practice education	Education that occurs outside of regular clinical practice, including workshops, self-directed learning, peer learning and exam preparation.
Part-time training	At least 14.5 hours over a minimum of two days per week, of which at least 10.5 hours is face-to-face, rostered patient consultation time undertaking general practice activities. Work periods of less than three consecutive hours, or of less than four calendar weeks in any one practice will not be considered.
Program team	The program officer and medical educator assigned to a registrar.
Program time	The length of time required to complete the FSP.
Provider number	A Medicare provider number for eligible health professionals who are recognised for Medicare services, allowing them to claim, bill, refer or request Medicare services.
Rural Generalist Fellowship	The award of Rural Generalist Fellowship (FRACGP-RG).
Registrar	A medical practitioner enrolled in the FSP.
Registrar liaison officer (RLO)	A registrar who is available to other registrars in the training program to provide confidential advice, information and support.
Remediation	The process by which a registrar receives additional support in order to address performance concerns.
Remediation term	An additional term of program time in which the registrar additional receives support in order to address performance concerns.
Safety	The condition of being protected from or unlikely to cause danger, risk or injury. Educational safety is defined as a learning environment that values support, respectful communication, bidirectional feedback, reflection and the acquisition of new skills. It meets the learner's current level of competency and learning needs and facilitates growth and learning.
Significant family relation	Anyone with whom the registrar has close familial relations. This may include, but is not limited to, a parent, sibling, spouse/partner/de facto/fiancée, child, grandparent and community member.
Special circumstances for international medical graduates	Circumstances which are determined on a case-by-case basis by the RACGP and include, but are not limited to, communication skills development and supported learning.
Supervisor	An accredited GP who works in an accredited training site and takes responsibility for the education and training needs of the registrar while in the site.
Suspension of candidacy	An exam semester during the candidacy in which the candidate is not required or permitted to attempt Fellowship Exams. The two types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard suspension: A single suspension of an exam semester available to any candidate, for any reason, once during their candidacy • Non-standard suspension: A suspension of an exam semester granted by the RACGP to the candidate on the provision of evidence of extenuating and unforeseen circumstances

Training site	A health service accredited by the RACGP where the registrar may undertake their general practice training.
Unsanctioned withdrawal	Withdrawal from an RACGP assessment that is not approved in writing by the RACGP.
Wellbeing	The state of being comfortable, healthy or happy. Educational wellbeing is ensured when the registrar feels engaged, safe and supported in the learning environment.
Workplace-based assessments	Observation and assessment of a registrar's performance to track progression through training.

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