Practising safely in primary care

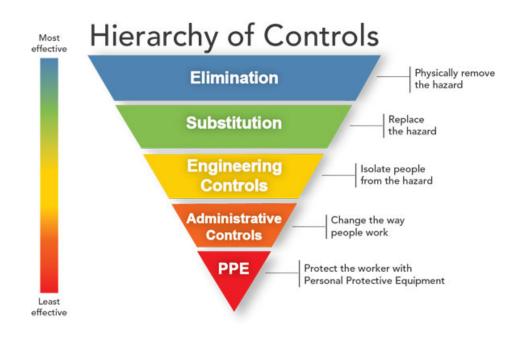
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Wednesday 29 September 2021



What can we control?



Screening

Triage

Screening and Attestations (Screening employees, patients, contractors for symptoms prior to entering).

Telehealth

• where possible for non-covid matters, who needs face to face care - screen, attests and use relevant PPE according to the guidelines.

ILI/Resp illness

- For ILI/Resp illness without a neg COVID test- N95 + eye protection and add gown for close physical contact
- For triaged patients and resp illness patients who have a neg COVID test surgical mask + eye protection
- No face-to-face consultation without a neg COVID test result first (has to be in the last 24-48 hrs).
- PCR testing is the most accurate testing method and with assessment using telehealth video preferred
- Multiplex testing includes SARS-CoV-2 "Respiratory virus PCR multiplex (including SARS-CoV-2)

PPE at COVID peak

Guidance and advice for COVID Peak

Health service guidance	COVID Peak
PPE Tier 1 <www.dhhs.vic.gov.au personal-protective-equipment-ppe-covid-19=""></www.dhhs.vic.gov.au>	Addition of eye protection when treating COVID negative patient/residents.
<pre>PPE Tier 2 <www.dhhs.vic.gov.au equipment-ppe-covid-19="" personal-protective-=""></www.dhhs.vic.gov.au></pre>	As per droplet and contact precautions where there is risk of exposure to blood or bodily fluids for COVID negative patients/residents
PPE Tier 3	All exposure/care/contact with <u>Low-risk</u> /high-risk SCOVID and confirmed COVID patients For staff undertaking testing at port of entry and community COVID testing locations

Victorian Health Service Guidance and response to COVID- 19 Risk follow this link to guidance for health services to respond to changing COVID-19 transmission in community

Conventional use of PPE – COVD-19 follow this link to guidance to the appropriate levels of PPE use

Preventing current challenges in General Practice

your mandatory COVIDSafe Plan is being regularly reviewed and updated

Best practice	plans should include	
Vaccination – mention vaccination in every consultation & continue to encourage and support all staff to get fully vaccinated		
Clear planning in advance with appropriate risk mitigations	Stream workforce mobility – single sites, onsite vaccinations work flow in common areas and shared spaces, staff attestations, movement between nursing homes and multiples sites Change your work environment, patient streaming and triage strategies to prevent unnecessary contact between people	
	Deferral of some non essential services	
Practice procedures	Test your procedures to ensure minimal non-essential contact points (check-ins, CCTV, computer documentation)	
Business continuity plan and measures to ensure service continuity	Telehealth video preferred - Ensure all staff can work remotely Partnerships with other practices - Make friends with your neighbours PHN – for support	
Clear communication channels between staff and with your patients	Signage regarding physical distancing, appropriate recording of all attendees, QR codes – now mandatory, virtual communication strategies embedded with clear responsibilities	

Preventing current challenges in General Practice

your mandatory COVIDSafe Plan is being regularly reviewed and updated

Best practice	plans should include
Infection prevention and control processes - be vigilant and undertake regular reviews	COVID-19 Cleaning guidelines for workplaces Department of Health and Human Services Victoria Infection prevention control resources (dhhs.vic.gov.au) Schedule twice daily routine cleaning of high touched areas reduces risk Tiered table of cleaning requirements depending on exposure sites and time since exposure Healthcare worker furloughing Furloughing decisions are made with local PHU and DH Strategies to reduce impact on clinics. Ventilation reduce density of people in rooms. Minimise time spent in waiting rooms Optimising ventilation and air-circulating strategies: Open windows and doors, increase air movement wherever possible.

<u>WorkSafe Victoria's OHS Essentials</u> is a free workplace safety consultation service, delivered by independent occupational health and safety (OHS) experts https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/ohs-essentials-program

<u>Free Infection Prevention Helpline</u> offers Victorian General Practices access a free infection prevention helpline to help them keep their patients and staff safe. Call 1800 312 968 9am – 5pm Weekdays https://www.murrayphn.org.au/free-helpline-for-victorian-health-services/

Workplace health challenges aren't just infectious

Poor wellbeing can cause:

- Fatigue
- Mental Health
- Reduced "joy" in work
- Burnout and turnover
- Delayed physical health checks
- Carpark traffic safety
- Violence



Healthcare worker wellbeing centre

The healthcare worker wellbeing centre includes a range of resources and support for all who work in clinical and non-clinical roles in health services, community health and aged and primary care settings.

https://www.bettersafercare.vic.gov.au/supportand-training/hcw-wellbeing

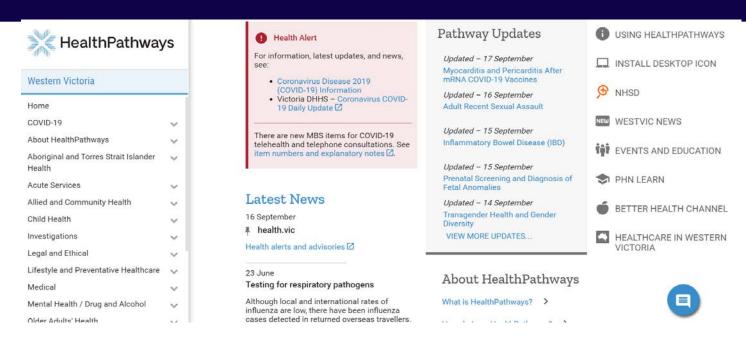
Here you can find resources tailored to the time you have e.g. a quick "pause" or more in depth supports such as leadership through crisis and change

And other great websites:

Hand n Hand peer support Pandemic Kindness Movement

OFFICIAL

Healthpathways



 $\underline{gippsland.healthpathways.org.au} \ \underline{melbourne.healthpathways.org.au}$

murray.healthpathways.org.au, westvic.communityhealthpathways.org

Healthpathways

COVID-19 High-risk Vaccination Support

COVID-19 Vaccination Information

COVID-19 Vaccination Procedure

COVID-19 Vaccine-induced Thrombosis with Thrombocytopenia Syndrome

Myocarditis and Pericarditis After mRNA COVID-19 Vaccines

COVID-19 Initial Assessment and Management

COVID-19 Ongoing Assessment and Management

COVID-19 Aged Residential Care Assessment and Management

COVID-19 Child Assessment and Management

COVID-19 Palliative Care

Eastern Melbourne COVID-19 Primary Care Management (NEPHU)

NE Melbourne COVID-19 Primary Care Management (Austin Health)

NW Melbourne COVID-19 Primary Care Management

SE Melbourne COVID-19 Primary Care Management

Murray PHN COVID 19 Primary Care Management

Gippsland PHN COVID 19 Primary Care Management

COVID-19 Practice Management

Telehealth

Respiratory Presentations During Low COVID-19 Prevalence

Post-COVID-19 - Long COVID

Post COVID-19 Referral

Electronic Prescribing

COVID-19 Testing and Referral Advice

COVID-19 MBS Items

COVID-19 Information

COVID-19 Mental Health

COVID-19 Recent Changes

The pathway

Red flags

Background

Important phone numbers

Assessment

Management

Referral

Information

- 3. Confirm clinical status is low risk category ∨:
 - Confirm past medical history, current medications, history of smoking (note: active smoking > 15 cigarettes per day is considered medium risk category)
 - Establish whether any low risk category ➤ co-morbidities.
 - Ask about COVID-19 symptoms and confirm mild illness severity using National COVID Taskforce definitions:
 - Mild illness definition ^

Mild illness definition

- Adults not presenting any clinical features suggestive of moderate or severe disease or a complicated course
 of illness.
- · Characteristics:
 - · no symptoms, or
 - mild upper respiratory tract symptoms, or
 - cough, new myalgia, or asthenia without new shortness of breath or a reduction in oxygen saturation.
- Moderate illness definition ➤
- Severe illness definition